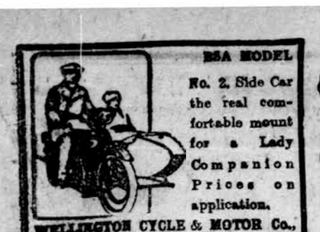

BSA MODEL
No. 2. Side Car the real comfortable mount for a Lady Companion Prices on application.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY. East Street, POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

EDITED BY S. A. HORNIMAN, 1913—18.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY MAHOMEDBHOY PIRKTHALLY SAYED ABDULLAH BREL

B·S·A
Bicycles
Latest stock received, prices on application.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY. East Street, POONA.

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VOL. IV NO. 71 — BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1921. — TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.

AND

BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

Sailing to Plymouth and London, Calling at Marseilles.

A Passengers required to be in possession of passports.

Date 1921.	Steamer.	Tons.
31st May	"Mora" *	10,890
3rd "	"Somali" †	6,794
8th "	"Caledonia"	7,572
14th June	"Nagoya" ‡	6,854
21st "	"Dongola"	8,056
28th "	"Malwa" *	10,911
25th "	"Neuralia"	9,082
2nd July	"Kashgar"	8,840
9th "	"Karmala"	8,983
16th "	"Delta" ‡	8,087
23rd "	"Narkunda" *	16,115
30th "	"Morea" *	10,890

Morea, Malva, Narkunda } Through steamers from Australia.

Somali Extra. Proceeds direct from Port Said to London and only conveys second saloon passengers.

†Nagoya, Delta Through steamers from China calling Bombay for mails only.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN. A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamers' arrival.

B. I. COMPANY'S SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH ONLY.

3rd June	"Chanda"	6,169

Has second saloon accommodation for limited number of gentlemen only.

P. & O. SAILINGS FOR THE STRAITS, CHINA & AUSTRALIA.

Date	Steamer.	Remarks.
26th May	"Dunera"	Straits and China
23rd "	"Delta"	Straits and China
31st "	"Parkunda"	From Colombo to Australian Ports.
16th June	"Mantua"	From Colombo to Australian Ports.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage by P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing about	Remarks
Canadian Leader	5506	In July	Montreal

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
16, Strand Road, CALCUTTA
P. O. Box 152
Telephone No. 1356.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Tadzu Maru	G. Matsuzaki	3rd "	16th "
Saigon Maru	C. Okada	16th "	28th "
Honolulu Maru	K. Hirano	22nd "	28th "
Sanuki Maru	T. Inouye	25th "	5th June.
Indo Maru"	S. Arai	16th June	25th June
"Peking Maru"	K. Yanagnchi	23rd June	1st July

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to.

K. SHIMA,
Manager.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander	Tons	Arrival	Departure.
a Kashu Maru	S. Mogi	5460	10th May	21st May
Wakasa Maru	B. Tsuda,	6074	14th May	24th "
† Nagano Maru	K. Tsukuda	3824	17th "	19th "
Tottori Maru	S. Ito	5956	15th "	25th "
Hakata Maru	T. Sasaki	5970	25rd "	5th "
Fajima Maru	K. Takano	6995	11th June.	23rd June.
Tateuno Maru	G. Ota	6995	22nd "	4th July.

a This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

† This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo, Madras and Rangoon.

For Freight and passages apply to
S. FAGAMI,
Manager.
Forsby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, Bombay
BRANCH: AHMEDABAD

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	1,50,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	70,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
G. A. SCRIMGEOUR,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK LTD

(Incorporated in England).

HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.

BRANCHES.

Amara,	Bombay.
Baghdad,	Calcutta.
Bahrein,	Colombo.
Basrah,	Hillah.
Basrah City,	Mosul.

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid up Capital	£ 995,00
Reserve Fund	£ 268,00
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,005,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.t. Chairman.
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E.
J. H. Batty, Esqr.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esqr.
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.

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Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esqr.

BOMBAY BRANCH.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street
INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, Loan and Credit granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.
B. F. BUCKER,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND	£ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	$51,560,668
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yiddo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.
R. R. HYND,

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT 1920.
for the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Madras.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.
2,25,000 share of Rs. 500 each ... 11,25,00,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL AS ON 25TH MARCH, 1921.
75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each Fully Paid ... 3,75,00,000
72,376 shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 Paid ... 90,47,000
4,65,47,000

RESERVE FUND as on 25th March 1921 ... 3,54,52,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS as on 25th March 1921. ... 2,71,41,000

MANAGING GOVERNORS.
Sir Norcot Warren; N. M. Murray, Esq (Offg)

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES.
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.

LONDON OFFICE.
2, Princess Street, E. C. 2.
Sir Bernard Hunter, Manager.

BRANCHES.

Agra	Hyderabad Deccan
Ahmedabad	(Sub-Agency Parbhani)
Ahmedabad City	Hyderabad Sind
Akola	Indore
Akyab	Jalgaon (East
Allahabad	Khandesh)
Alleppy	Jalpaiguri
Amraoti	Karachi
Bangalore	Lahore
Bellary	Lucknow
Benares	Madras (Mount Road)
Bezwada	Madura
Bimlipatam	Mangalore
Bombay (Byculla)	Masulipatam
Bombay (Mandvi)	Moulmein
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Nagpore
Broach	Narayanguanj
Calcutta (Clive Street)	Negapatam
Calcutta (Harrison	Octacamund
Road)	Patna
Calcutta (Park Street)	Poona
Calicut	Quetta
Cawnpore	Rajahmundry
Chandpore (Pay Office)	Rajkot (Kathiawar)
Chittagong	Rangoon
Cocanada (Outstation	Salem
Narsapur)	Secunderabad
Cochin	Serajgunj (Pay Office)
Coimbatore	Simla
Colombo	Sholapur
Dacca	Sukkur
Delhi	Surat
Erode	Tellicherry
Guntur	Trichinopoly
	Trivandrum
	Tuticorin

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.
SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed.
GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for safe custody, purchase and Sales effected. Interest and Dividend collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.
Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorneys etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.
R. A. DON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar.
Registered under the Bareda Companies' Act III. of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE: Baroda.

BRANCHES: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana, Dabhoi Surat, Petlad, Patan, Amreli and Bombay.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	60,00,000
Capital Paid-up	23,86,280
Reserve Fund	16,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
INTEREST allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of shares and securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVING BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
C. E. RANDLE.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF MORVI LTD.

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE:—Fort Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls	Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds	Rs. 2,63,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
C. I. PAREKH & CO.,
Agents.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen. 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Reserved Fund	Yen 50,002,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fentian, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Nagar, saki, Newchwang, New York Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Riddo Jangiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Surabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Hamburg, Saigon Branches:—
Tsinam, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.
CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
N. OTSUKA,
Manager.
Post Box No. 528.
Hornby Road, Bombay

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LIMITD.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,97,61,500
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 12-8-20	59,76,150

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Mursban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 239, Shaik Memon Street. Share Bazar, Rogay Building, Apollo Street.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
Banking business of every description transacted.
A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Rs. 7,58,70,150
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Rs. 2,25,75,825
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 9,50,000

BRANCHES:
London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar, 20, Apollo Street.
Shroff Bazaar, 237, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate.
London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Saving Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
R. P. B. BUCKLEY.

HEAD OFFICE: 6/7, Clive St., Calcutta. NATIONAL INDIAN INSURANCE CO. MARTIN & Managing Agents

Incorporated in India 1907.

INSURE UNDER AN ENDOWMENT POLICY.
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—
The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier
NO VEXACIOUS CONDITIONS—A SIMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT

For all particulars and forms apply to
BHUGWANDAS NIRMALDAS, Branch Secretary, Bunder Road, Karachi.
M. S. HOOSAIN, Chief Agent, Residency Main Road, Hyderabad (Deccan)
G. N. B VAZ, Branch Secretary
LYTON'S BUILDINGS, 32 Apollo Street Fort, BOMBAY.
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH, Resident Manager, Calcutta

THE INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED 7 A, FORT STREET BOMBAY.

BRANCHES AT KARACHI AND SURAT — Agencies in all parts of India.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 5 per cent.
FIXED DEPOSITS for short period, one year and more accepted, interest allowed for 12 months at 6 per cent. for 5000 and under and at 6½ per cent. on sums above 5000, special rates for large deposits Cheques or Receipts of any part of India accepted at par in long term deposits.
ADVANCES MADE, OVERDRAFTS ALLOWED, CASH CREDITS OPENED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.
Bills for Collection accepted. *Every description of Banking business undertaken.*
SHARES AVAILABLE AT PAR.
G. P. Notes, Shares, Stocks bought and sold Free of Charge for Customers.
Short terms deposits invited on favourable terms.
Further particulars from:— KHOSLA & CO.
Post Box 22, 'Phone 3395, Managers
INDIAN CAPITAL. INDIAN MANAGEMENT!

INSURANCE.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	47,25,900	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,53,254	15	3
Reserve Funds	15,70,284	3	0

Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Bombay	Jullundur	Montgomery
Cawnpore	Lahore	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gojra	Lyallpur	Srinagar
Hapur	Ludhiana	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to,—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

HOTEL.

THE CHEAPEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

at which to put up is the

RAILWAY HOTEL

Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Bombay" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a healthy locality.

Dinner Table a Speciality,

Competant Chiefs, High Class Cuisine and Billiard tables.

Charney Road, Bombay,
Telephone No. 111.

EASTERN HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

131, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

Under European Management. Board and Lodging Rs. 5 and upwards per day. Home comforts and excellent cuisine. Large and Airy rooms Hot meals can be supplied at any time between 9-30 a.m. to 9-30 p.m Outside meals supplied. Special rates for monthly residents. Office and business people are invited to take advantage your prompt service at table.

According to the Gov. of India I Blue Book.
The oldest Life Office of Ber
THE HINDU MUTUAL L ASSURANCE, LIMITED.
Established 1891.
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 8,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is Trustee of the Reserve Fund
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs.
LOWEST RATE OF PR
This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign office before assuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to:—
The Secretary or The Chief A
809, Bow Bazar. D. SEN &
Street Calcutta. 1 Chowrin
Calc

Agency Applications Invited.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premiums in India—Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
P. BANERJEA
Secretary.
EAR & CO.,
Managing Agents,
or
"DHURANDHAR BROTHERS",
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency C. P. Berar and C. I.,
363, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE Co LTD.

116, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

CHAIRMAN.
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukumchand Sarupchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Booriee & Co.).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Mooljee Jetha & Co.) (Ex-Officio).
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from Influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL MANUK
Secretaries and Managers

SAVARESSES
SANTAL
CAPSULES
PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND THEM.
Of all Chemists. Made in London.

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)

Annual Fire Income Exceeds. £10,00,000
Total Assets. £23,70,000

We have been appointed Agents for the above Society for Fire Insurance Business and are prepared to accept Risks at Tariff Rates.

KILACHAND TEVCHAND & Co.,
63, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tele. Address: "SEEDS".
Tel. No. 1881.

BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS.
CURE CHRONIC CASES
By Correspondeece
A golden opportunity for old sufferers from whatever diseases and for these given up by others. Remedies guaranteed free from harmless materials and cost of medicines refunded in case of failure. What do you want more? We treat all correspondence strictly confidential. Write at once with your full history and get cured.
DR. J. N. SEN, L.M.S.
Homeo and Bio-chemist, Prop.
Behar Chemical Works, Mihijam E.I.R.
Mention this paper while writing
Student patients get concession.

FRESH STOCK OF
Motor Hinds, Leather Cloth Rexines Turn Buttons, W. Hood Cloth, Chamois Leather has just arrived for MOTOR Works and Garages.
Enquiries are solicited.
H. A. Kadir & Co.,
Sandhurst Road,
Near Imperial Bank,
BOMBAY.

CHEAP PERFUME HOUSE
Just unpacked
Best Selected France Perfumery of Messrs. Coty, Houligant, Bichara Rigaud and Rodger, Gallet etc., etc.
THE
Praful Perfume Store,
Lohar Chawl, BOMBAY 2.

MARBLE BUST OF LOK. TILAK
The Marble bust of Lok. ordereded by him and purchased by his Sons is now to be seen at his Gayakwad Wada, Poona.

His son writes :—
TO THE EMINENT SCULPTOR
MR. Wagh,
DEAR SIR,
The marble bust of my revered father the late Lok: Bal Gangadhar Tilak, which you made for us with such arduous labour has really been a complate success, and I liked it extremely Other members of our family highly appreciated your work and we all pray to he Almighty for your prosperity. With kind regards.
Poona City, 11-2-1921. Sincerely Yours
(Sd.) Shridhar Balwant Tilak.
Similar busts and statues of Lok and other eminent persons will be available at the Premier sculpture studio, Girgaum Bombay.

"LIBERTY"
FOR
AUTO ACCESSORIES AND SPARE PARTS
Nothing but the best
Telegram "WIREWHEEL".
The Liberty Motor Co.
Sandhurst Bridge
Bombay No. 4

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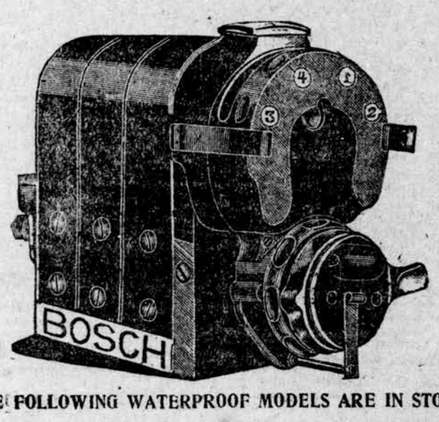
BOSCH MAGNETOS
NOW AVAILABLE!
These Genuine Bosch Magnetos hold a reputation second to none in the World. They are absolutely hard-to-wear Machines and will give indefinite service. It is waste of time and money to buy other makes at any price. Not a weak spot anywhere in the real Bosch Magnetos except the price. It makes no difference what others say: BOSCH MAGNETOS WILL BEAT THEM ALL.



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Z H 6	(6 ,,	for 25-50 H. P.)	.. ..	each. Rs.	450-0.
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The Advance Motor Co.,
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CHOWPATI.....BOMBAY
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BECOME A TWENTIETH CENTURY NAPOLEAN
LET THE SPECIALISED KNOWLEDGE BRING TO LIGHT YOUR LATENT FACULTIES
Your Mind and its Development can Produce Astonishing Improvement in your Prospects.

Summon to your aid the Genie of Success. In other words, write for our Free Booklet—THE PRIDE OF INDIA. This book is packed with invaluable information, and is the recognised *vade mecum* to success in life. Do not allow your *Natural Talent* to run to waste for lack of advice. development and skilled direction.

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TAKEN AT HOME
IN SPARE TIME.
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To devote one half-hour daily to furtherance of your ambitions would be quite an easy matter for YOU; yet, if conducted under the tutelage of the LATENT LIGHT CULTURE, it will revolutionize your future, bringing opportunities within your grasp of which, at present, you scarcely dare to dream.

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Build up YOUR HEALTH with
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"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the Safest and most Reliable Remedy for
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the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

Suppliers of NEW A. C. & D. C. Electric Motors and Dynamos, Standard Voltage, always IN STOCK up to 100 H. P. *wiring and installations undertaken.* Also Hand and Power Pumps for TOTAL HEADS UPTO 200 ft.
Prices defy competition.
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Semi-Diesel
Crude Oil Engines
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NO WATER INJECTION
SAFE SIMPLE RELIABLE ECONOMICAL.
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THE MORE YOU WASH IT THE BETTER IT BECOMES.
The Paripan Process of Painting has been used througout India both for Inside and Outside work for some years past Its chief characteristics are Durability, Beauty of Finish and Resistance to the trying Climatic Conditions.
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House cleaning and the removal of grease, finger marks and dirt from the paint work and doors are processes never keenly sought after. Paripan reduces their unpleasantness to vanishing point.
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The quality of these pastes is of the very highest. They quickly produce a polish of great and permanent brilliancy, and act a sa leather ther preservative.
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Shirts (negligé Soft) .. Re. 1-8 per cent
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The Best Insecticide Ans. 11 per tin.
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FOR
HIGH FOLK
with prudence for purse.)
ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.
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To buy or not to buy— that is the question!
Dott's Patent HOME PRINTER In English
A KEY TO PRINTING
FOR PRIVATE & COMMERCIAL USE
It has specially been invented for printing of Job Works. It contains lead types that are generally used in printing, teak-wood Press fitted with iron Handle, all sorts of accessories for printing and the direction for use. In fact it is a complete printing Press in miniature. No printing experience is required. The direction will clearly shew you the real path for printing. Do patronise it and print anything you like as it is a HOME INDUSTRY.

No.	Size of Press.	Types.	Price
1	12x10 in, Demy Qt. Size	1100	Rs. 25
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4	6x3 in, Visiting Card Size	800	Rs. 6

N.B.—½ of the Value must accompany the order as an advance.
Trial orders are always welcomed by
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Always large stock on hand of
White Carrara, Marble Tiles and Slabs Real Belgium Black Marble Tiles and Colour.
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CENT PER CENT
by painless methods not necessitating confinement to bed. Patients attend to their daily avocations while under treatment.
Apply :—ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIST.
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The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by a name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much unnecessary delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary, the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p. m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED a SENIOR PROOF READER for day and night work whenever required. Must be a trained hand and quick in corrections. Apply sharp Box No. 607, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A

WANTED a Junior Clerk for a life office. Pay according to qualifications. Apply The Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., 231, Hornby Road, Bombay.
A R306

WANTED a PROOF READER used to JOB and NEWS Work, must be a steady and trained hand. Men with newspaper experience need apply only to Box No. 608, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A

WANTED Experienced or trained graduate capable of teaching, mathematics and an under graduate. Good salary. Apply Box No. 4001, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 308

WANTED immediately WAITERS for the TAJ MAHAL HOTEL, Bombay. Salary according to qualifications. Apply personally to the MANAGER, Taj Mahal Hotel.
9457

AGENTS WANTED for tea, salary Rs. 100 and 7 per cent. commission, side business only. DARJEELING TEA CO., Post Box No. 1032, Calcutta.
A R 299

WANTED.—Influential Travelling CANVASSERS, to secure orders, for Swadeshi Piece-goods on Commission basis, throughout India, Burma and Ceylon. Apply K. SHANKERLAL & CO., Manek Chawk, Ahmedabad.
A R 298

WANTED—THREE CLERKS on the permanent Establishment, for the Office of the undersigned with starting pay of Rs. 40 on the time scale 40 5/2 60 5/3 80. Only those who have passed the University School Final Examination, or Matriculation Examination, should apply, with certificates and testimonials. Candidates having experience of work in the Public Works Department, will be preferred. Applications must be received on or before June 15th 1921. C. O. LOWSLEY, Executive Engineer, Ahmednagar District.
A 9465

WANTED—Experienced GODOWN KEEPER, for Cotton Jaitha business. Good salary and prospects for a selected candidate. Apply Box No. 3094 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R296A
A

WANTED—DESPATCH CLERK, with knowledge of filing records. Good salary, to able and energetic candidate. Apply Box No. 3095 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R296B
A

WANTED an experienced Stores-keeper. Apply The INDIAN AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD., 320 Mint Road, Fort. State clearly experience, salary, references and other credentials.
C9474

WANTED—QUALIFIED AND EXPERIENCED DOCTOR for Dwarka. Salary according to qualifications. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience, and the lowest salary required, with copies of testimonials to the Agents, The Dwarka Cement Co., Ltd., 6 Hammam Street, Fort, Bombay. 276
A

WANTED—A COMPETENT CLERK, with long experience in managing Fire Marine business, of a Cotton Firm. Good salary to qualified candidate. Apply Box salary to qualified candidate. Apply Box No. 3093 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle" R296
A

WANTED—Immediately a thoroughly qualified and experienced ACCOUNTANT for a public Limited concern. Salary according to qualifications. Only experienced men need apply. A. B. Com. will be preferred. Apply Box No. 3092, "The Bombay Chronicle" with testimonials. C9455
A

WANTED—An ASSISTANT DRAFTSMAN on the Temporary Establishment on Rs. 75 per month for working on the "Nasik Housing Scheme", etc. Must be thoroughly experienced and be able to prepare plans and estimates for buildings. Applications with copies of certificates should reach this office by 1st June, 1921.
W. H. PHILPOT-BROOKES, Executive Engineer, Nasik District.
C9478

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET very comfortable BLOCKS suitable for European and Parsi families, totally new building on Makba estate, opposite Richardson and Crudas, Parel Road. Apply MITHU GOVINDJI & CO., Baroda Street, Mandvi; or DHARAMSEY BHAVANJI, 2nd Pinjrapole Lane.
C R268

TO BE LET a house with six rooms, and two stables for motors. Apply to Ram Bucks Goda Bucks, near Byculla Club Road near oil Factory.
C R 307

POONA TO LET for season only Commodious House fully furnished near Kirkee Boat Club. Hhealthy neighbourhood English locality, desirable in every respect. Apply K. TALEYARKHAN, 2, Mcola Road, Kirkee.
C R 303

CHAGLA MANZIL—TO BE LET a spacious Bungalow Upper Floor only, at Reynolds Road. Buculla Club Back Road. Apply to ALLIBHAI CHAGLA & Co., Kharak Bazar, near Musjid Station, or CHAGLA VILLA, Dadar. R 243
C

HOUSE & FLATS WANTED.

WANTED for a Hindoo family three rooms in any good locality. Apply Box No. 3086, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
D R286

BOARD AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

WANTED—A FLAT for a Hindu family, not Orthodox. Near about Grant Road Station, must have five rooms and bath a W.C. attached. Very careful and used to European habits. Reasonable offers considered. Replies to Box No. 605, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
E

BOARD AND APARTMENT WANTED.

WANTED—FOUR ROOMS with bath and kitchen for an up-to-date Hindu family. Must be in the Fort area or near about. Apply Box No. 606, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
F

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

WANTED PURCHASERS of a flourishing Laundry at Parel, monthly income about Rs. 500. For particulars see Mr. K. MAHADEVAN, 18, Javeri Building Elphinstone Road, Parel, between 8—10 a.m. and 7—9 p.m.
G C 9459

FOR SALE.—COTTON GINNING AND PRESSING MILLS IN BURMA. The COTTON GINNING and BALING and OIL-EXPRESSING MILLS, situate at Myingyan and Allanmyo, Upper Burma, all as previously owned and worked by Moolla Dawood's Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd., The Myingyan Ginnery contains 90 gins and the Allanmyo Ginnery 36 gins. Both properties are fully fitted with hydraulic baling presses, oil-expressing mills, refineries, tin-making plants, engines, boilers, godowns etc. Offers will be considered for one or both of the properties. For further particulars apply to Box No. 3055, Advt Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
G C9359

CONVEYANCES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—For Monsoon CLOSED FRENCH CAR, 3 seater enclosed body by Hyland 4 new tyres, Zenith Carburettor, Bosch Magneto, 30 miles per gallon Rs 3,000. Box No. 3098, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
J C 9464

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FOR IMMEDIATE SALE a Lithographic Printing Machine, size 30in. by 40in. in good working order. Apply for particulars to the RAVI VARMA F. A. L. WORK, Post Melavli via Lonavla, District Poona.
K R9476

NEW COTTON MILL MACHINERY REQUIRED.—WANTED a complete set machinery, of 12,000 spindles and 300 looms, for a cotton mill. Please apply to Bob No. 3096 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle".
K R297

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M

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FOR SALE—Old newspapers in large quantity. Apply with offers to Box No. 609, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N

FOR SALE—BAILING PLANKS in large quantity. Immediate delivery, also a lot of hoop irons. Apply Box No. 610, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COAL CONSUMERS are hereby informed, that LALPATH COAL is now available, for ready and forward delivery. Apply to J. V. PADAMSEY & Co., Proprietors Lalpeth and Senala Collieries, 39/41, Apollo Street, Top Floor of Morvi Bank, Fort, Bombay.
T R 304

DELICIOUS MANGOES of Pavai Estate which are being sent to England for over a century are now available at Pavai Estate, Head Office, 50, Medows Street, Fort, or at Lalbaugh Swadeshi Stores, Baya Mansions, Parel, or from Dawoodbhai Salekhan, Roshan Building, Bellasis Road. 9469

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FOR SALE.—SCHOONER RIGGED YACHT, fitted with auxiliary motors of Torneycroft design. Principal dimensions 185 feet by 23 feet and draft 14 feet. Has lead keel weighing about 60 tons. Vessel fully equipped. Apply in first instance to view the vessel prior to purchase to Box No. 3053, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
T R220

CENTS' SUITINGS for hot weather "Lusitania Tussor" Cloth, specially manufactured for the Company. Piece for one suit complete (8 yards) Rs. 10 only. Apply to the AGENTS, INDO-LUSITANIA RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD., 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
T C9296

THE Forest Economist, Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, will be glad to receive names, addresses and terms of business from firms dealing in Minor Forest Produce, such as, gums, resins, essential and fixe oils, fibres, flosses, lac, wild rubber, spices, drugs, ivory, dax, etc. as frequent enquiries are received requesting introductions to firms with whom business may be done in the above products.
T C 9437

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Brief Size	220
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Under wood No. 5 Latest, Leather Case	220
Oliver No. 9 Rebuilt Like New	200
Empire No. 2 with Back spacer	145
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L. C. Smith Brief Size	195
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Typewriter Supplies stocked. Repairs to all Makes of Typewriters. Terms moderate.

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K

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

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National Portable No. 3 with Case	125
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Yost 20, Latest, Brief, little used	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 210, 240	27
Remington 10, Brief, Rs. 225, 11, Policy.	28
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, Brief	320
Underwood 5, new, used few days	325
Remington 10, new, used few days	375
L. C. Smith 5, Rs. 250, American Rebuilt	275
Oliver 9, American Rebuilt, Brief	275
Royal No. 5, Visible, 2 Cols., B. Spacer.	175

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

FINANCIAL.

CHAGLA MANZIL—TO BE LET a spacious bungalow, upper floor only, at Reynolds Road, Byculla Club Back Road. Apply ALLIBHAI CHAGLA & Co., Kharek Bazar, near Musjid Station, or Chagla Villa, Dadar.
C—R 243

TENDERS, AUCTION SALE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of uniforms to the Forest staff of the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, during the year ending 31st March, 1922. Form of tender and particulars of uniforms to be supplied can be obtained on application to the Personal Assistant to the Chief Conservator of Forests at Poona. Tenders together with the samples of cloth to be submitted not later than 20th June, 1921, to The CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS, Bombay Presidency, Poona.
TA C9477

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES.

FOR SALE 8-10 H. P. 2 cyl. 2 seats Swift Car, in perfect running order, complete with lamps, Horn Tools, etc. Apply Cox's Shipping Agency, Ltd., Bombay.
J A C 9468

FOR SALE one FORD LANDO, seven seater, complete with magneto in perfect running order. Write to MOTOR ACCESSORIES SUPPLY CO., New Queen's Road, Bombay.
JA R267

PUBLIC NOTICE.

50,000 HIGH CLASS COTTON BLANKETS.

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
Size 48in. by 78in., Rs. 2-4-0 each.
Size 48in. by 36in., Rs. 2-12-0 each.

IN KHAKI, FAWN, Grey and Red Colours. If required in white eight annas less. Delivered to any part of India by Post. These Blankets are now being used in India, Africa, Arabia, Mesopotamia, by European as well as Indians of all classes and creeds and continue to give universal satisfaction.

Over 10,00,000 Blankets sold in the year 1920.

Inquiries from Trade are invited, Apply:—
HARJIVAN VALJI,
17, Champagalli,
Near Mulji Jetha Market,
Bombay No. 2.

FOREST DEPTT. MARWAR STATE JODHPUR (RAJPUTANA).

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the contract of "Anwal or Tarward" (Cassia auriculata) Tanning bark, of the whole Marwar State will be publicly auctioned finally on 30th May, to 1st June, 1921, in Mehkma Khas at Jodhpur Revenue Office Ijlas of D. L. Brockman, I.C.S., Revenue Member Regency Council Jodhpur State,

Bids in sealed covers are invited from all intending purchasers and contractors as per registered post or by personal attendance any time during the aforesaid dates at Jodhpur.

NOTE.—The following extracts from a note on our Anwal (Cassia auriculata) barks by Mr. Puransingh, F. C. S., Chemical Adviser to Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun gives some idea of the quality and value vide Indian Forester for January, 1915, Page 14-17. The mature barks from Marwar are richest in tanning of all the samples so far examined while that obtained from 5-6 months old shoots containing 18 per cent. of tanning is also a higher average than that of any other sample of immature bark examined up to date.

CHATUR BHUJ GOHLOT, D.D.R.,
Superintendent of Forests.
Marwar State,
Jodhpur.
Jodhpur, 14th May, 1921. C 9486
TA

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

TENDERS accompanied with earnest money of Rs. 500 are invited for the supply of materials required by this Department for the period during December, 1921. For further details please refer to Mysore Gazette dated 5th May 1921 or apply to the undersigned.

S. G. FORBES,
Chief Electrical Engineer.
Bangalore,
29th April, 1921.
T A C 9324

UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

THE HEAD OFFICE of the BANK will REMOVE from 7, Murzban Road, to the Bank's new Premises in Apollo Street, on 6th June next.

The bank undertakes banking business of every description on favourable terms. All possible facilities rendered to constituents.

Copy of Rules on application.

A. B. OLIPHANT,
C 9411 Ag. Manager.

FOR SALE.

BUILDING STONES such as Copry Khanki Rubble, Corner Stones, Metal Leader, etc.

Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp or Agave Fibre." For samples and rates apply to the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT TYPEWRITERS.

AN AUCTION SALE will be held in the Government Stationery Stores at the Town Hall, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 26th of May, 1921, at 12 noon, (S.T.), for the disposal of used typewriters, duplicators, and unserviceable, Miscellaneous articles of stationery, etc., which may be seen in the Store Room on Wednesday, the 25th May, 1921.

2. Delivery will be made after the Collector's confirmation of the sale but the sum bid at the Auction for each machine will have to be deposited in advance.

BALAJI BAPUJI RANE,
Ag. Assistant Superintendent of Stationery
Bombay, 16th May, 1921. C 9426

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 24th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 11, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 9th June, 1921, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.)

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 26th May to 8th June, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO.,
Managers.
Bombay, 19th May, 1921. C 9470

THE NATIVE SHARE & STOCK BROKER'S ASSOCIATION.

MEMBERSHIP CARDS of the above Association are offered for sale by the Defaultar Committee of the said Association. Intending purchasers should send in their written offers to the undersigned.

A. H. MADAN.
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.
Dalal Street, Fort.
C9363

THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Medows Street, Fort, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), on 28th May, 1921, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts made up to 31st December, 1920.
2. To confirm the appointment of Mr. M. R. Jayakar and Mr. M. S. Captain, as Directors.
3. To appoint Directors in place of Messrs. Trieumdas Dwarkadas and S. G. Banker who retire under Arts. 105 and 106 of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint auditors for the year 1921, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOK of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st May 1921 to 4th June 1921, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
S. K. BANERJEE,
General Manager.

GANDHI & CO.
AUCTIONEER.
Telephone No. 4977.

AUCTION SALE OF 4 CASES PEPPER MINT CHRYSTLES.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 25th May, 1921 at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, by order of Messrs. Dayal Laljee at their Pedhi at Mandvi Vadgadi, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers Messrs. Nasarvanjee Khurshedjee Bhesania:—

4 cases Peppermint Chrystles each case of 12 tins, each tin of 5 lbs.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 25th May, 1921.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF SERVICEABLE AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, AT G. I. P. RAILWAY, OFFICE STORE DEPOT, LOWER PAREL.

Under instructions from the Chief Stores Superintendent G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell, To-morrow THURSDAY, the 26th instant, sell by Public Auction at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at G. I. P. Railway Office, Lower Parel Store Depot, one large lot of surplus serviceable and unserviceable stores such as, drums, kerosine oil tins, rubber scrap, leather scrap, C I scrap, pieces of cloth, hose, files, brass borings, planks, empty cases, glass scrap oil tins and drums, ropes, chains, lamps, copper rivets, leather beltings, screws, nails, buckets, oil casks, buckets, hoop irons, paint kegs, etc., etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT THE JUNCTION OF PAREL ROAD.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 25th May, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of Mr. Mahomedally Mamooji, and on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser, Mr. Nowroji Rustomji Wadia, the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of land together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at the junction of Parel Road, and Cross Road, No. 4, on the Boards First Nagpada Estate in the city and Island and Sub-registration District of Bombay, which piece of land has been computted to contain a total area of one thousand two hundred and fifteen decimal thirty-two square yards or thereabouts (and which shall for the purposes of these presents be deemed to contain that area be the same more or less) and which is bounded on the North-East by the said Cross Road No. 4, on the East by the said Parel Road, on the South and South-West by Plot No. 19 of the said Estate and a service passage and on the North-West by Plot No. 53 of the said estate which said piece of land is known as Plot No. 20 of the said Estate and is delineated on the Plan drawn hereon being thereon surrounded by a red boundary line and which said piece of land forms a portion of the lands belonging to the Board and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2686, and are assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 3467-72, Street Nos. 804-822 and 1-3.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY the 30th May 1921 at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Glenrose", Apollo Bunder, opposite the Taj Hotel, very valuable and handsome made-to-order teak and blackwood, plain and carved, household furniture, by Wimbridge, Devjee Canji and others, glass, crockery and platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board and dumbwaiter, rich woollen carpets and durries, drawing room suite of sofas, and chairs, Chesterfield cabinets, copper greysers for bath, ornaments, silver cabinets, writing tables, glass door book cases, rocking chair, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, cloth and gown presses, ice box, on large refrigerator, meatsafe, utensils, one large English gas stove, etc., etc.

The property of Oscar Stanton, Esq., of Messrs. The Tata Publicity Corporation, Ltd.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 25th May, 1921.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 521.

AUCTION SALE OF 42 BALES OF JAPANESE GREY YARN NO. 40 "S".

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

By the order of Messrs. Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha (Ltd.) and an account and risk of Messrs. Harchand and Co. Trading at Tramba Kanta, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 25th May 1921 at 2-30 (S. T.) at their auction Room No. 15 Apollo Street. The following.

42 Bales of Japanese Grey yarn No. 40 "S". 400 lbs. in a bale.

Deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 32 H P HORNSLY MAKER OIL ENGINE COMPLETE IN WORKING CONDITION.

By the order of Sheth Manekjee Nusarvanjee Kavarana and Shah Raychand Damodar from whom Sheth Fazalbhai Alibhai of Kundala purchased on account and risk of the said purchaser Fazalbhai Alibhai, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of June, 1921, at 3 p. m. (S. T.), at Parsi Statue Belasis Road, near the compound of Faradoon Woollen Factory compound one 32 H P Hornsly maker oil engine complete in working condition with tank, pipe, and other fitting complete.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 25th May 1921.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

(By Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists)

AUCTION SALE OF 50 TONS NEW BROWN BOLD LINSEEDS.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Seth Ramdutt Brijmohan at the godown of Seth Bansidhar Jalon at New Chinch Bunder and on account and at the risk of Seth Seonarayan Jhunjhunwalla.

50 tons New Brown Bold linseeds.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 TONS NEW BROWN BOLD LINSEEDS.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant at 3p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Harmukhrai Gopiram at the godown of Seth Lalji Ganpat at Kalyan Street, Dana Bunder and on account and at the risk of Seth Hiralal Ramgopal.

25 tons New Brown Bold linseeds covered by D. O. No. 3 of 10-5-1921.

AUCTION SALE OF 11 BALES CHECKS OF THE CRESCENT MILLS.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst at 4-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the open ground opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Seth Pratapsing Ishwarsing and on account and at the risk of Messrs. K. Harshadrai and Co. (of Seth Tribhovandas Bhaitors, or to the Undersigned.

11 bales each about 80 pieces checks of the Crescent Mills No. 49.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
shanker Dave Lokhandvala.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE

HOME OF CELEBRITIES.

Every day at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

THE SUCCESSFUL PICTURES;

TOM MIX

In the 5 reel Photo-play:—

"TREAT, EM ROUGH"

An exciting—picturisation of the famous novel "THE TWO GUN MAN" by Charles Elden Seltzer, in which the greatest cowboy actor Tom Mix unaided actually stops tremendous rush of thousands of cattle stampeding before wind-fanned prairie fire.

Twice as much Pep. Punch and Romance as any play ever seen on the screen. It makes the Red Blood Hop in Your Veins.

Also a funny 2 reel Comic:—

"THE MOVIES"

Prices:—Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4 (Seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2.) (Dress Circle Boxes Rs. 5 each.)

THE THIRD WEEK

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present further 6 parts—(Episodes 7, 8 and 9)—of their powerful Serial.

"The Broken Coin."

Featuring

Grace Cunard, Francis Ford and Eddie Polo.

Also further four parts—(Episodes 5 and 6)—of their another interesting Social Serial

"The Death Mask"

Four Shows daily at 5-30, 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Globe Cinema

(SANDHURST ROAD.)

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay
Lamington Road.

TO-NIGHT

A Superb Special.

A Rip-Roaring Spanish Love Tale
George B. Seitz and June Caprice
IN

"Rogues and Romance"

WITH

MARGUERITE COURTOT

When the flower of American manhood and womanhood meets the passion flower of Spain there's heart thrills and soul chills and rosy romance!

PATHE GAZETTE

Latest News of the World.

NEXT WEEK
H. B. WARNER
IN
HAUNTING SHADOWS

If you Read The House of a Thousand Candles you must see this picture. The most thrilling of all mystry stories.

TIME.

7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m. Daily.
MATINEES on Saturday & Bank Holiday at 5 p. m. and Sunday at 3-30 & 5-15 p. m
POPULAR PRICES
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.

CINEMA MAJESTIC

GIRGAUM TRAM TERMINUS.

THE TOPIC of THE TOWN
is
OUR FILM

Maha Sati Ansuya

or

THE BIRTH
of
SHREE DATTATRAYA

An absorbing episode from Mythology full of those touches that thrill and deligh the heart of abiding interest.

NO INCREASE IN PRICES.

Daily Four Shows 5-15, 7, 8-45, 10-30.
Extra Show on Tuesday 3-30.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPRESS

TO-DAY 6, 8-15 and 10-30 p. m.

MADAN THEATRES. LD,

Present the Second "Select Oriental Films" Masterpiece.

"Dhruva Charitra"

The Great Devotional Story of Hindu Life and Aspiration produced by Eugenie De Liquoro in India with the most talented Artists, on a scale of immense magnificence and Superb Splendour.

King Uthanpad....Mr. James McGrath.
Suniti.....Miss Patience Cooper.
Narad.....Master Mohan.
The Dancer.....Signorina Dorros.

Unprecedneted Success on Saturday and Sunday.

SPECIAL INDIAN MUSIC

FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED.

Please note the change of time.

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

FRANCESCA BERTINI

in

"THE POISON MOOD"

"OUR GIRLS AND THEIR PHYSIQUE"

Series No. 7.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 TO-NIGHT

Edgar Warwick Comedy Company

in a repertoire of London Comedy and Dramatic Successes.

To-day WEDNESDAY 25th at 9 30 p.m.

Oskar Wilde's Brilliant

Masterpiece.

"THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST"

A Laugh from start to finish.

Booking at ROSE & Co., upto 6 p.m. after 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

Daily at 6-30 p. m.

"A ROMANY LASS"

A Romantic Story of Love and Warfare.

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present to-day the further THREE EPISODES of their Mighty, Powerful Society Serial

"WHEN WE LOVE!"

The exciting and thrilling story of two lovers who made a Satanic Marriage Compact, signed, sealed and delivered in their own blood!

A narrative of the desperate attempts of two fond hearts to become rich in a novel but despicable way.

Four Shows To-day at 5-30; 7; 8-45; and 10-15 p. m. (S. T.).

WEST-END CINEMA

(New Churney Road)

WESTERN INDIA FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

HARDWOOD LEAGUE.

Entries are invited for the HARD WOOD Association Football League. This competition is open to all Football Clubs in Bombay.

Closing date Friday June 3rd.
Entrance Fee Rs. 20.
Application Fee Rs. 5
Copies of Rules and conditions can be obtained from the Joint Honorary Secretaries.

H. HALLETT.
Tata Construction Co. Ltd.,
Hornby Road Bombay
W. A. LOWRY.
Motor Union Insurance Co
Hornby Road Bombay

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Insist on Having Only
S. C. SEAL'S
INK TABLETS

which are brilliant and non-corrosive, cheap and best. Free samples to school masters and merchants. Blue, Black Violet and Green with fancy tin box. Each kind 15 annas per gross, Red Re. 1-6 per gross.

AGENTS WANTED.

SARAT CHANDRA SEAL,
1-3, Lakhshmi Datt's Lane,
P. O. BAGHBAZAR, CALCUTTA.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

CLOSING PRICES.

New York, 23rd May, 1921

May	not quoted
July	12-36
October	13-08

Liverpool, 23rd May, 1921.

May	7-71
July	8-05
October	8-43
January	88-63

London, 23rd May, 1921.

Telegraphic Transfers	5 1/3 3/4	Steady
Bar Silver Spot	33 1/8	Steady
Bar Gold	103 -	Quiet

EXCHANGE.

London, 23rd May, 1921.

On London in Paris	£46 90
In Italy	£72 60
In Germany	£236 00

New York, 23rd May, 1921

Demand Bills	39,500

London, 20th May, 1921

On London in Paris	45 47
In Italy	72 00
In Germany	243 50

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

Stockholm	16 91
Christiania	25 18
Amsterdam	11 12 1/2
Switzerland	22 22
Belgium	45 83
Athens	72 25

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THE METAL MERCHANT'S COMPANY.

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

24th May, 1921.

	Per Maund.	Rs. a. p
Brass	3/4	85 0 0
Do.	1	86 0 0
Do.	1 1/4	88 0 0
Do.	1 1/2	85 8 0
Do.	1 3/4	90 0 0
Do.	2	48 0 0

COPPER RATES.

24th May, 1921.

	Rs. a. p
[illegible]	84 0 0
[illegible]	92 0 0
[illegible]	103 0 0
[illegible]	103 0 0
[illegible]	105 0 0
[illegible]	95 0 0
Japanese Copper Sam	-
English take Joint	25 0 0
Copper English bars	66 0 0
Brass-base	36 0 0
Lead	84 8 0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds Daily Quotations Bazaar Rates

6 p. m. 24th May, 1921.

Ready	Bazaar Rs. a.	Terms p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	70	0 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	69	0 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	72	0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	10	8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	10	8 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	11	8 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	14	0 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	11	12 0
Teoseed, White 80-15	80	0 0
Teoseed, Gajar 75-25	75	0 0
Teoseed, Gajar 50-50	73	0 0
Teoseed, Black	60	0 0
Poppyseed, White	14	0 0
Groundnuts	70	0 0
Mowrasseed	7	8 0
Barley	48	0 0
Castorseed	47	0 0
Yer Cawtton Seeds Ready delivery	41	0 0

Forward			Rs. a. p.
Wheat May			9 7 0
Wheat June-July			-
Wheat Sept.			9 13 6
Wheat Oct.-Nov.			-
Linseed May			15 4 6
Linseed Sept.			15 10 6
Linseed Dec.			-
Rapeseed April-May			-
Rapeseed June-July			-
Teoseed Gajar 85 15	Dec. Jan.		-
Teoseed Gajar 75-25	Dec. Jan.		-
Teoseed Gajar 50-50	Dec. Jan.		-
Wheat June-July			-
Wheat Aug.-Sept.			-
Wheat Oct. Nov.			-
Linseed Sept.			-
Linseed Dec.			-

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 24th May, 1921.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1-3-0
Bank Demand	1-3 1/32
On Acceptance Bills	1-3-7/16
4 Upward	270
Private Bills	401
Sight on Bombay	199
Bengal	267 1/2
Agra	193
Madras	185

Market —Steady

METALS.

London, 24th May, 1921.

Linseed Calcutta May June Sellers	£18
English best Selected Copper	£74 1/2
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£75 5/15
Tin Block	£181

THE TATA BANK.

A SUGGESTION.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The public is highly indebted to you for ventilating the various views of the shareholders in the above concern in the columns of your daily. It is but natural that one man may be aware of one thing, and another of a second, which need an investigation and explanation, but it cannot be within the power of one man to know all the sins of omission and commission of the Directors unless he has studied the accounts of the bank. Hence there is likely to be great confusion, and noise, at the meeting because every shareholder would be anxious to place his case before it. May, 1, therefore, suggest that after eliciting explanations on certain glaring points, within the time at the disposal of the shareholders, to move a resolution for the adjournment of the meeting to a longer date, and in the meantime to convene a meeting of the shareholders to appoint a committee who, with the help of a paid experienced man of unquestionable banking abilities and veracity, to fully go into the accounts and the doings of the Bank, with powers to act in the best interests of the shareholders. The remuneration of such experienced auditor should be met with by donations and subscriptions by the shareholders. If such course is to be adopted the shareholders should consider their primary duty not to place unnecessary obstacles in the way of genuine workers and should exercise great restraint during the conduct of the meeting as every one will get a chance of placing the facts within his knowledge before a committee appointed by themselves. If the Directors permit, a private meeting may be held in the same place after the official bank meeting is adjourned.

It is, therefore, absolutely desirable to attend in large numbers and to see that the report is not hurriedly adopted.—Yours, etc.

B. H. DAROOWLLA.

Prag Mahal,
May 21.

ACQUISITION OF LAND AT TROMBAY.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I beg to enclose herewith a short communication from the Government of Bombay and beg to request you, to be good enough to publish it in your widely circulated journal for the information of the public and oblige.—Yours, etc.

RATANJI J. TROMBAYWALLA.
Jt. Hon. Secry. of the Committee of the Landholders of the Island of Trombay.

Official Communication.

The landholders of the Island of Trombay were informed by the Secretary to the Government of Bombay Development Department in his letter No. 1644 dated 20th April last that it is not considered probable that the operations to be carried out will cause any serious displacement of the existing population of the Trombay Villages whether agricultural or non-agricultural. As the Gaothans, that is the portion of land in every village allotted to the Agriculturists for building their houses, were already excluded from the first notice of acquisition, the Secretary of the Committee of the landholders of the Island of Trombay requested the Director of the Development Department to explain to them whether the word displacement applied to the land on which their houses are built or it applied to their agricultural lands on which their means of maintainance depended. In reply to the above requests the following letter has been received from the Development Department, which is printed below for general information.

Letter No. 1904 dated 5th May 1921 from the Under Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Development Department:—

"Memorandum:—With reference to his letter dated the 26th April 1921, Mr. Ratanji J. Trombaywala, is informed that Government regret that it is not possible at this stage to furnish him any further information than that given in their memorandum No. S. A. 1644 dated the 20th April 1921. By order of the Governor in Council."

STRIKES AND LEGISLATION.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Learning that the Bombay Government is engaged in preparing a new piece of law to prevent mill strikes in future, I write to say that it will be a political blunder and will add new difficulty to the present situation. Leave the whole question of strikes to nature, time and arbitration.

A Civilized Government has no right to handle the situation of Capital and labour unless it leads to violence.—Yours, etc.

A. JIJIBHOY.

Bombay, May 20.

BOMBAY CHINA YARN MARKETS DAILY QUOTATION RATES.

24th May 1921.

	per lb.	Rs. as p.
David	No 10	0 11 0
Shapurji	No 10½	0 10 9
Currimbhai	No 12½	0 11 3
Shapurji	No 8½	0 9 0
Japan	No 40-1	1 12 0
Do.	No 42-2	1 15 0
Do.	No 2-	11 3 0

IF YOU HAVE STOMACH & BOWEL TROUBLES

Ker-nak PILLS

WILL PUT YOU RIGHT.

OF ALL MEDICINE VENDORS (One Rupee)

India's National Cure FOR Malaria, Influenza, Plague and all other Fevers.

Madon Sons & Co.
Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay.

Sold Everywhere.

Important to Builders, Contractors, Cabinet & Furniture Makers. . .

Three Ply Veneer Panels from As. 3 per sq. ft. F. O. R. our Factory.

Samples can be seen at Our BOMBAY BRANCH . . . . .

Over one Million Ready for Immediate Delivery.

Apply:—

BIRD & CO.,

Surma Valley Saw Mills,
Ballard Pier,
BOMBAY.

INDIAN GOODS FOR INDIAN PEOPLE BY INDIAN LABOUR.

Sub-Agencies available for Districts Towns and Talukas.

Shirting, Twill, Drill, Checks, Dhotis, Bedcovers, Towels, Cotton & Woollen and Union Blankets, and Printing Papers, etc ;etc ; etc ;

Special facilities with moderate rates are granted to Mofussil dealers and consumers.

For more particulars and for terms of Sub-Agency

Apply to

Messrs. J. M. SINGI & Co ;

Telegraph address :—
"SINGI".
Post Box No. 490,
Hornbay Road,
Bombay.

who are our sole Agents for Bombay Presidency.

Colonial Manufacturing COMPANY

Graham Road, Ballard Pier,
BOMBAY.

BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO

NATIONAL OVERSEAS BANK

Incorporated in Portugal.
ESTABLISHED 1864.

Authorised Capital Esc. 48,000,000 (£10,666,000)
Capital Paid-up Esc. 24,000,000 (£5,328,000)
Reserve Fund Esc. 24,900,000 (£5,527,200)

STATE BANK OF THE PORTUGUESE COLONIES.

Head Office—LISBON.

BRANCHES.

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PARIS:—6 Rue Helder.

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OTHER BRANCHES.

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West Africa (15 Branches).
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Over 500 correspondents in all important commercial Centres.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

BOMBAY (Temporary) OFFICE
Great Western Building, Apollo Street
A. Modelow Manager

BLUNT RAZORS

Resharpened bright and keen as new. As. 8 each. New Handles fitted Re. 1-0-0 each Kropp Razors Rs. 5-8 Wilkinson Crown and W. Razor Rs. 5-8 All above Post Free, New Razors, Safety and Ordinary Blades, etc. stocked. Surgical Instruments Repaired.

MATHEWS & Co. 28 Medows Street (Opp Cornaglia) Bombay

KEEP YOUR EYE!

rom any trouble, Cataract, Glaucoma, Iritis Corneal Ulcer, Redness, etc., by our 'Lot' Honey Safe remedy of nature. 1 dram Rs. 1-8, 2 dram Re. 1. Postage Extra. Ask for Free particulars to:

NEW FORMULA CO.,
Kanji, Bengal.

Zero Blankets.

INDIAN { MANUFACTURE / LABOUR . . . / CAPITAL . . .

Grey Fawn Red Strawberry and Khaki, 48"×78" Prices from Rs. 2-4 each.

Ex Our Depot :—

BIRD & CO.,

BALLARD PIER.
BOMBAY.

Income Tax. . .

& Super Tax

Statutory Statements of Accounts prepared Audit of Books Firms UNDERTAKEN

B. L. THOSAR
Public Accountant.
BOMBAY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
41, Kalbadevi Road. BOMBAY

OPTIMISM

as a philosophy is of value to the People who cultivate it. Those who have a way of looking on the bright side of things—of seeking for the best in life are indeed happy in themselves and a delight to their fellows. Their influence is stimulating and invigorating; their presence tends to the promotion of geniality and goodwill. It is however, well to remember that a sane optimistic outlook may be clouded by indifferent health. The state of the digestive organization, for example, frequently exercises a depressing influence upon the mind, and the outlook is affected accordingly. Dyspeptic conditions bring dark days—days of gloom and frequently of despondency. On the other hand a healthy appetite facilitates the discovery of an open horizon and a brighter view. The importance of maintaining the tone of the digestive system is generally recognised, and it should be universally known that one of the best medicinal aids towards this end is Beecham's Pills. Depression and despondency in so far as they are caused by disordered digestion, may be speedily dispelled by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Sold everywhere

in boxes, price As. 8, 12, & Rs. 2.

2

DR. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR
DIABETES SPECIALIST.

RARE AND INVALUBALE SPECIFIC FOR THE CURE OF "DIABETES."

The following are two of the numerous certificates received:—

Mr. Vithaldas P. Attawala, merchant, Bombay, writes on 28-11-20:—I was suffering from Diabetes for the last 15 years and had tried many Doctors of Bombay but without any effect. I then put myself under the treatment of Doctor S. R. Iyengar and he prescribed a course of 45 days for me and that I was completely cured at the end of the course. Before I commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment my urine was examined by a Bombay M. D., the per centage of sugar was more than 4 per cent. After the treatment my urine was examined on 30th November, 1920 at Dr. Masina's Hospital Cathelogical Laboratory of Bombay "Sugar was found Nill"—which means a perfect cure of the obstinate disease which had baffled the treatment of many Doctors and Physicians before. I really consider that Dr. S. Rangaswami Iyengar is a SPECIALIST in this disease. I recommend him to all suffering from the bad disease for the rare quality and of its valuable Drugs.

Mr. Damodher Raghoba Raote, Landlord, Worli, Bombay, writes on 3rd December 1920:—"I was suffering from Diabetes for the last 12 years and I tried many well known Doctors and M.D.'s during that period, but could not get entire cure. In September last. I had a severe attack of Pneumonia which seriously affected my Diabetes disease and was under the treatment of Dr. Masina. I was cured of Pneumonia after a short time but my Diabetes disease was in an increasing state and I could get no relief. Dr. Masina examined my urine and found I was passing 6 to 7 per cent. sugar specific gravity was 1037. Finding no relief at all, I was put under treatment of Dr. S. Rangaswami Iyengar, Specialist in Diabetes. I have much pleasure to say that after a special treatment of 35 days I found my Diabetes disease properly checked and sugar NIL and Specific Gravity, 1013. "I can safely recommend Dr. Iyengar's specific to any of the suffering Diabetes patients."

CONSULTATION:—9 to 10 a.m. & 5 to 7 p.m.
ADDRESS:—Ghia Building opposite N. G. Library, Khotwadi Main Road, Girgaum
TELEGRAM:—"DIABETES." Bombay.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.
THE

Royal Yakuti.

This Yakuti or life giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has wonderful properties of increasing virile power and it rectifies urinary disorders. In fact it makes man a man. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities not only by our Rajas, Maharajas, Nawabs and many of the nobility, aristocracy and gentry in this Country; but it is greatly patronized by people in all countries of Europe, America, Asia and Africa. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We recommend it especially to those persons who desire to tone the nervous system to strengthen the body, refresh the memory and to guard against debility. Suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the Ayurvedic medicines. It works like a charm and the effect is last'ng. It replaces lost power and rejuvenates the emaciated and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a prefumer admires. It is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills. Rupees ten only. Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM.—RAJKOT (Kathiawar), (India.)

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

KANGA—Dinbai, widow of Manockjee Furdoonjee Kanga and mother of Pestonjee M. Kanga and Nowrojee M. Kanga, Nanabhai Sea Road. Funeral this morning at 9 (S.T.).

BAND NOTICE.

The Band of the G. I. P. Railway Regiment A. F. (India) will play at The Royal Gymkhana this evening commencing at 6.15 p.m.

MEETING OF CINEMA PROPRIETORS.

A meeting of all Cinema proprietors will be held at the Excelsior Cinematograph, Bombay, on Thursday, 26th at 3-30 p.m. All are cordially invited to attend.

BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE DISPENSARY

There will be a public lecture on Saturday next, at 6 p.m. at the Servants of India Society's Hall, when Mr. Narayen Rao Kulkerny will deliver a lecture on the "Advantages of Cooperative Dispensaries in Bombay."

ANAVIL SAMAJ SCHOLARSHIP.

Applications for Anavil Samaj Scholarships are invited from needy and deserving Anavil students receiving secondary or higher education either in Government or National institutions. The candidates should write to Mr. C. B. Desai, Madhavji Ghaswalla's Mala, Grant Road, Bombay, for application forms. The last day to receive application is June 15.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Mails for the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per s.s. Teesta via Nagapatam will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. today.

Unsterscribed Mails for Singapore, China, and Japan per s.s. Wakusa Maru will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m. tomorrow instead of on the 24th idem as previously notified.

APPOINTMENT OF ORDINARY FELLOWS.

His Excellency the Chancellor of the University of Bombay is pleased to make the following appointments of Ordinary Fellows of the University:—

1. Khan Bahadur Behramji Hormasji Nanavatty, F.R.C.S. (Edin.), F.C.P.S. (Bom.), L.M. & S. (vice Dr. Sorab K. Nariman, deceased).

2. S. Woods Hill, Esq., A.R.I.B.A. (vice G. Wittet, Esq., F.R.I.B.A., resigned).

THE PARSI POLITICAL COMMITTEE PRIZES

Messrs. Nadir Kavasji Balsara and Nusserwanji Kavasji Bhesania have carried the First and Second Prizes for the Essay in English on the "National Work of Dadabhoy Naoroji."

Two prizes of Rs. 50 and Rs. 25 are now offered for an Essay in Gujarati on the "National Work of Dadabhoy Naoroji."

Competitors are are desired to concentrate their attention on the great services of Dadabhoy Naoroji to Mother-Hind, and they need not narrate his boography.

The Essay should be written in Gujarati, should not exceed 300 lines, and should reach Barjorji Framji Bharucha Esqr., Apollo Street, Fort, by 30th June 1921.

A WOMAN RUN OVER BY MOTOR-CAR

Vehicular accidents are again increasing in the city and the authorities are apparently slackening their measures which they had adopted some time ago to cope with them in thoroughfares. One of these accidents, which cost the life of a Hindu woman, took place on the 17th instant, when Gangabai, aged forty-five, along with three other women, was going towards the Chinchpokly Station from the direction of Byculla Bridge, and a motor car No. 5834 came up from behind. The driver sounded the horn and the women got confused. Gangabai dodged and was knocked down and run over by the car, she was removed to the J. J. Hospital where she died yesterday.

At an inquest held by Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, regarding the death of Gangabai, the jury returned a verdict of death due to injuries sustained by her having been accidentally knocked down and run over by a motor car whilst crossing the road.

A CHILD CRUSHED BY MOTOR LORRY.

Another fatal accident of a similar nature took place on Monday near Jacob's Circle, it appears that at about 5 p.m., motor lorry No. 397, driven by one Nowroji Jamshedji, with lorry No. 287 trailing behind it, was going towards Jacob's Circle along Moreland Road when Mahomed Esoof, a Mahomedan boy, aged five, while crossing the road, came in front of it. On the driver shouting out, Mahomed stepped back but again tried to cross the road after the first lorry passed. He was caught by the rope attached to the lorries and was knocked down. A wheel of the trailing lorry passed over the boy, who died immediately.

An inquest was held on his body yesterday by the local coroner, when the jury returned a verdict of death caused by his having been accidentally knocked down and run over by a lorry, whilst crossing the road.

A LABOURER CRUSHED BY WHEEL.

The Coroner held an inquest touching the death of Rangoo Ganpat, a labourer, aged 35. The deceased and several others were moving an iron machinery wheel at No. 9, Alexandra Dock on Monday last. It was moved a little way and was stopped as their muccadum wanted to bring a trolly. After he went a few paces he heard an alarm and on coming back he found the deceased's left leg under the wheel. It was removed by means of a crane and the deceased was removed to the G. T. Hospital where he died of a compound fracture of the thigh bone, at night.

The jury returned a verdict of death caused by his left leg having been crushed by a large iron wheel having fallen on him owing to its having been insufficiently supported.

FATAL SEQUEL TO FALLING FROM TRAM CAR.

Another inquest was held by the Coroner on the body of Jokku Ismail, a mill operative, who while trying to board a tram car, in motion, on Wednesday last, lost his hold and fell down. He sustained multiple injuries and was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he developed the symptoms of pneumonia of which disease he died yesterday.

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury.

Reports have been received of sharp encounters on the 21st and 22nd near Wana with the Wazirs. The 58th Rifles got in with bayonets, thirty wazirs have been killed, twenty captured of whom four were wounded. Our loss is three wounded.

The Boy Scout and Girl Guide rally in connection with the Empire Day took place at Lucknow, on Tuesday.

MAHATMA GANDHI,

VISIT TO SHOLAPUR.

(From our Correspondent)

SHOLAPUR, May 20

Mahatma Gandhi is expected to visit Sholapur and Bijapur districts between 24th and 30th instant. He will arrive at Kurduwadi on the 24th morning and visiting Pandharpur and Barsi is expected to reach Sholapur on the 26th when he will proceed to Bijapur. Arrangements for his welcome are in full swing. It is understood a special meeting of the Sholapur Municipality is convened to consider the form of address to be given to Mahatmajee.

BIJAPUR MUNICIPALITY VOTES ADDRESS.

(From a Correspondent.)

BIJAPUR, May 24.

The Bijapur Municipality has voted by majority an address of welcome to Mahatma Gandhi on the occasion of his visit on the 27th instant.

MR. GANDHI'S COMING VISIT TO BIJAPUR.

(Associated Press.)

BIJAPUR, May 23.

Mr. Gandhi is expected in Bijapur on the 27th instant from Sholapur. Ali Brothers are also invited. Mr. Gandhi will spend three days in the Bijapur district. Preparations for his reception are in progress.

ALI BROTHERS.

TO SPEAK TOMORROW NIGHT AT MANDVI.

A public meeting will be held, under the auspices of the Mandvi District Congress Committee at 9 p.m. (B.T.) to-morrow at Shri Cutchi Dasa Oswal Jain Mahajanwadi, Khadak, Mandvi, Bombay. Maulana Mahomedali and Maulana Shaukatali will deliver a public lecture on "The Present Situation" All are cordially invited to attend.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Second Presidency Magistrate Calcutta, on Monday disposed of a case in which 71 Marwaris were charged with gambling on cotton figures in a house in Burrabazar. The Magistrate convicted all accused and fined them Rs. 100 each. The books and money found in the house were confiscated.

* * *

On the 23rd instant and the Chittagong Khilafat Committee sent volunteers under the leadership of Moulvi Siddique Ahmad, to Chandpur, to nurse and help the distressed coolies crowded there in cooperation with the Chittagong Congress Committee volunteers. They will remain there till some arrangement for their going home is made.

In the Rajakiya Parishad Broach no chairs would be provided. Delegates, visitors etc., would have to sit on the ground. Press reporters would also be not supplied with chairs, but they would be given a desk each.

News has been received of the death from heartfailure at Kabul of Khan Bahadur Gulam Murtaza Khan, Attache to the Foreign and Political Department and Oriental Secretary to the Afghan Mission.

AT THE EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING ERNEST,

The Warwick Comedy Company gave a performance last night of Oscar Wilde's famous play "The Importance of being Ernest." And we were glad to see that it was pretty well done, unlike Bernard Shaw's "Arms and the Man." There is not much of a story in the play. Both Worthing and Moncrieff pass themselves off as "Ernest" before their beloveds Miss Gwendolen Fairfax and Miss Cecily Cardew, who are both passionately in love with the "Vibrating" name "Ernest." But they are soon found out. They then resolve to get themselves christened as "Ernest." In the end, it turns out that Worthing is the elder, long lost brother of Moncrieff, and that his real name is "Ernest" and not John which he had borne so long!

Mr. Thorpe Mayne as Worthing was quite interesting. Mr. Dudley Howarth as Algernon Moncrieff acted very cleverly indeed. Mr. Fenwick as old chasable was delightful. He really is meant for the part of an old man, although he himself is young. Miss Joan Mayne as Gwendolen and Miss Marjory Clark as Cecily were both admirable, although the former is designed by nature to express deeper feelings and sentiments. Miss Radford as Miss Prisin was also a success. Altogether the acting and staging were very good last night.

PATHAN'S ALLEGED PERFIDY.

CHARGE OF ROBBING HIS OWN MASTER

Radikhan Asrafkhan, a tall young Pathan, of powerful built, is at present in the Bandra lock-up. He was lately in the service of a Marwari merchant by the name of Gambirmull Sambmull at Borivli, as a watchman. It appears that on the 20th instant the Marwari sold some 'ghavlis' at Chinchouli Bunder for Rs. 875 and was returning home with this amount together with his Pathan bodyguard. When they arrived at a lonely spot between Chinchouli and Malad, the Pathan, it is alleged, robbed his master of the money and some ornaments and ran away leaving the latter in the lurch. This occurred at 10 a.m. but the Marwari did not reach the police station before 2 p. m. Yet on hearing and recording his complaint policemen were immediately despatched in all directions to keep watch at all points where the fugitive could find a loophole of escape. He was spotted at last but was not secured without an exciting struggle in which a policeman is said to have received not quite an enviable pommelling. The booty, however, was found all safe on the person of the Pathan, who it is said was armed with a huge lathi and knife at the time of his capture.

THE TATA BANK.

A QUESTIONAIRE.

At the suggestion of numerous correspondents we publish below for easy and ready reference a list of questions that we think should be put to the Directors of the Tata Bank at to-day's meeting. It is a reproduction of the list which was published in "The Chronicle" of the 18th instant with the addition of a few supplementary questions:

1. What is the total salary bill per month? What amount of it is paid to the European staff and what amount to Indian staff, the respective number of each staff?
2. What is the total amount of allowances—furlough, travelling, housing, etc.,—paid every month to (a) the European and (b) the Indian staff?
3. How many officers there are, both Europeans and Indians, whose salaries run as follows:-
   (a) over Rupees five hundred, but not exceeding Rs. 1,000.
   (b) over Rupees 1,000, but not exceeding Rs. 2,000.
   (c) over Rupees 2,000, but not exceeding Rs. 1,000.
   (d) Rs. 3,000 and over.
4. Is it a fact that European assistants recruited by the Bank from England are getting salaries higher than what they used to get before their employment in the Bank? Will a statement be given showing their previous salaries in England on their present salaries in India? In regard to European officers recruited in India and who were employed in other Banks in India prior to their recruitment, will the Directors say what salaries they were receiving in those Banks and what starting salaries they were paid here?
5. Is it a fact that the Bank intends taking up English graduates from England? If so what are the terms that the Bank has offered them and intends offering them?
6. How many apprentices have so far been taken? And how many out of those have (a) either left the Bank's services or (b) been made to resign?
7. In the Profit or Loss Statement, on the credit side, will the item of exchange be shown separately?
8. On the Debit side what are the amounts expended separately on:
   (a) Salaries; (b) Directors and Auditors' fees; (c) Income-tax; (d) Stationary.
9. On the Assets side, Investment item, Government Securities are held at Rs. 2,65,22,191. Will the Directors supply information as to the face value of these and their present value along with the depreciation provided for the same.
10. At what valuation have "Other Securities" in the item of Investments on the Assets side, i.e., amount for Rs. 22,98,951 been taken and has any depreciation been provided for the same.
11. (a) Has any property been bought or rented to house the European staff and, if so, at what rent; and at what rate are they required to pay the rent on the same, and what are the details of rents recovered from the several members of the staff occupying the building?
    (b) Are any similar facilities provided for the Indian staff?
12. (a) Is it a fact that the European officer in charge of the Share Transfer Department draws over Rs. 1,500, while usually the share departments of other Companies are in charge of officers whose salary is not even half of that amount?

[In the Tata Iron and Steel Co., the Chief Officer in the share department gets only Rs. 750 and was some time ago drawing only Rs. 200.]

   (b) Is it a fact that recently owing to the decrease of work in the share department more than ten Indian employees were sent away; is it also a fact that simultaneously with this reduction of staff, and a European officer was appointed on a salary of Rs. 600.
   (c) What reasons do the Directors adduce for the employment of such costly officers in a department in which the work is of routine and simple nature?
13. (a) How many European officers are employed in the Madras Branch; and what are their salaries and allowances?
    (b) Is it a fact that the manager of the Madras Office was previously employed in the Alliance Bank of Simla and if so, what was his record of work in that Bank?
    (c) What is the actual amount of business, as indicated by the total amount of deposits, that has been developed by the Madras Branch; what is the profit or loss arising from that branch?
    (d) Has the manager of the Madras Branch any knowledge of local conditions and local people? If not, what reasons led the Directors to make the appointment?
14. Is it a fact that European assistants shortly after their appointment, are generally if not invariably given power of Attorney, while the Indian assistants are equally generally not given the same?

In conclusion we should like to point out to the shareholders that no charge should be brought forward which cannot be proved to the hilt, as one such charge will spoil the effect of other proved charges.

His Excellency the Viceroy granted an interview to-day to Mr. Kasturi Aanga Iwengar, Editor of the "Hindu," and Mr. E. Howard of the "Pioneer."

Non-gazetted officers all over the Mysore State have been alarmed at the proposed abolition of grain allowances. They have been holding protest meetings and telegraphing resolutions to the Government of the Maharaja.

LET HINDUS BEWARE.

BY M. K. GANDHI.

Bihar is the land of promise for Non-Cooperation. For the Hindu-Muslim Unity of Bihar is proverbial. I was, therefore, distressed to find that the unity was suffering a strain which might almost prove unbearable. I was told by all responsible leaders both Hindu and Mahomedan—who are not given to be panicky—that it was taxing their resources to the utmost to avoid a Hindu-Mussalman disturbance. They informed me that certain Hindus, by name Gangaram Sharma, Bhut Nath and Vidyanand for instance, had told the people that I had prohibited the use of meat to any Hindus or Mussalmans and that meat and fish were even forcibly taken away from people by over-zealous vegetarians. I know that unlawful use is being made of my name in many places, but this is the most novel method of misusing it. It is generally known that I am a staunch vegetarian and food reformer. But it is not equally generally known that *Ahinsa* extends as much to human beings as to lower animals and that I freely associate with meat-eaters.

I would not kill a human being for protecting a cow, as I will not kill a cow for saving a human life, be it ever so precious. Needless to say I have authorised no one to preach vegetarianism as part of Non-Cooperation. I do not know the persons named above. I am sure that our purpose will be defeated if propaganda of any kind is accompanied by violence. Hindus may not compel Mussalmans to abstain from meat or even beef eating. Vegetarian Hindus may not compel other Hindus to abstain from fish, flesh or fowl. I would not make India sober at the point of the sword. Nothing has lowered the morale of the nation so much as violence. Fear has become the part of the national character. Non-Cooperators will make a serious mistake, if they seek convent people to their creed by violence. They will play into the hands of the government, if they use the slightest coercion towards anybody in the course of their propaganda.

The cow question is a big question—the greatest for a Hindu. I yield to no one in my regard for the cow. Hindus do not fulfil their trust so long as they do not possess the ability to protect the cow. That ability can be derived either from body-force or soul-force. To attempt cow protection by violence is to reduce Hinduism to Satanism and to prostitute to a base end the grand significance of cow protection. As a Mussalman friend writes, beef-eating which is merely permissible in Islam will become a duty, if compulsion is resorted to by Hindus. The latter can protect the cow only by developing the faculty for dying, for suffering. The only chance Hindus have, of saving the cow in India from the butcher's knife, is by trying to save Islam from the impending peril and trusting their Mussalman countrymen to return nobility, i.e. voluntarily to protect the cow out of regard for their Hindu countrymen. The Hindus must scrupulously refrain from using any violence against Mussalmans. Suffering and trust are attributes of soul force. I have heard that at big fairs if a Mussalman is found in possession of cows or even goats, he is, at times forcibly dispossessed. Those, who claiming to be Hindus, thus resort to violence are enemies of the cow and of Hinduism. The best and the only way to save the cow is to save the Khilafat. I hope, therefore, that every Non-Cooperator will strain himself to the utmost to prevent the slightest tendency to violence in any shape or form, whether to protect the cow or any other animal or to effect any other purpose.—"Young India."

AMERICAN DOCTOR BECOMES MUSLIM.

DR. C. M. BALDWIN'S CONVERSION

(From a Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, May 24.

Maulana Abdul Kalam Azaz has announced in the Jumma Musjid of Calcutta that Dr. C. M. Baldwin had accepted Islam. He is an American M.D., at present, he is in India for medical researches and also export trade. Maulana told the audience how he came in contact with him (Dr. Baldwin), and expressed his admiration and sympathy with Islam. After a few interviews the truth of Islamic principles made a deep impression on his mind, and he adopted Islam and the Muslim name of Abdul Rahman.

NO ADDRESS TO ASSAM GOVERNOR.

TEZPUR RATEPAYERS' RESOLVE.

(From a Correspondent.)

GAUHATI, May 23.

The rate payers of the Tezpur Municipality have passed a resolution that the proposed address of welcome by the Municipality to His Excellency the Governor of Assam during his forthcoming visit to Tezpur be given up and that no part of the Municipal money be spent for the purpose.

DISBANDMENTS OF UNITS.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 24.

Orders have been issued for the disbandment of the following additional units raised during the war: 2/11th Gurkha Rifles, 3rd Battalion Corps of Guides Infantry, 2/32 2/32nd Sikh Pioneers and 2/7 Rajputs.

WATER! WATER!

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is a matter of common knowledge that of late there has been a tragic cry for water. Ways and means have been devised to curtail the supply of this precious fluid, and the public, private bodies, Mills, Factories, Hotels and Clubs have all been notified to that effect by a circular from the Municipal Commissioner. On the top of this, the conscientious corporators, in the fullness of their wisdom have ordered the stoppage of watering even important thoroughfares, woefully ignoring the fact that this dust is the mother of all diseases. Would any of our city fathers dare to undergo the ordeal of using the left footpath of the Elphinstone Road Bridge, where dust half a foot deep has accumulated?

In view of the above, the present action of the Bombay City Improvement Trust Authorities in watering their Cricket Pitch in the Cross Maidan, Marine Lines, in contravention of the said notification constitutes an act at once unlawful and reprehensible. The offence is aggravated all the more in view of the fact, that apart from the watering of the actual pitch an equal amount runs wilfully to waste. This allegation, I am ready to substantiate in virtue of my being an eyewitness to it. Are notifications to be honoured more in the breach than in observance? Can one overemphasise the truth of the adage, "Example is better than precept."?—Yours, etc.

F. M. DASTOOR.

6, Dhobhi Talao,
23rd May 1921.

P. S. A copy of this letter is sent to the Municipal Commissioner.

UNTOUCHABILITY IN EDUCATION.

To the Editor "The Chronicle."

Sir,—One phase of our national movement of non-cooperation is self-purification and that phase is really the more important one as it is mainly because of our sins, that we have fallen so low and it is on the foundations of self-purification that we have got to raise our structure of Home Rule.

The question of the removal of untouchability has been keenly taken up by our leaders and particularly by our Mahatma Gandhi and it is having wonderful effect upon the masses. That the question whose solution has been delayed by the pertinacity of our countrymen for hundreds of years is about to be solved by our Mahatma within the course of a year is simply a miracle. In spite of that much yet remains to be done for breaking the barriers which have upto now stood in the way of the development of our unfortunate brethren.

The Congress and Conferences have passed resolutions abolishing the restrictions. These people have been, in some cases, admitted to public gatherings. But still the prejudice against them in various localities is as strong as it formerly was and though a number of institutions have been nationalized and three municipalities of Gujrat have done away with Government control in matters educational, they have not yet been able to eradicate the differences which have kept the untouchables aloof from the rest of the Society. The fact that separate provision is made for the children of the untouchables by starting for them separate institutions is indeed a slur upon those concerned with the management of these bodies and it is time that something should be done in the matter.

I take this opportunity of suggesting to the organizers of the next provincial conference to be held at Broach that they should have this question on the agenda of work to be brought for consideration before the conference.—Yours, etc.

AMBALAL M. DESAI.

EMPIRE DAY IN BOMBAY.

Some Hindus numbering about 200, half of them being women, celebrated the Empire Day at the Javer Baug on Tuesday morning. Mr. Sunderdas presided at the function. After the usual prayers, usual speeches were made and the occasion was taken advantage of by Mr. P. B. Joshi to deliver a lecture to the audience on "India and the Present Situation", in Marathi.

Mr. Joshi, in the course of his speech referred to the political changes that took place since their last celebration of the Empire Day. Referring to the Reforms, he said:—"The opening of the new legislatures has no doubt opened a new page in the political history of India and but for the mandate of the Congress, people of all shades of opinion would have taken part in the elections. Many, however, absented from voting. Opinions differ on this point. But, I am personally of opinion that the ban on the Council elections was a sad mistake. Several able men like Pandit Malaviya and others abstained from taking any part in the elections and the result has been that men of mediocre abilities or inferior attainments were easily elected. This is much to be regretted."

Continuing he paid a glowing tribute to Lord Reading and hoped that perfect peace, harmony and prosperity would prevail in India during his Excellency's regime and that the people would get some substantial rights and privileges to be free citizens of the British Empire.

Concluding Mr. Joshi said:—Those in high authority in India must understand that coersion and repression cannot secure permanent peace and prosperity and that no nation has a right to keep another nation under subjection permanently. On the other hand, our Indian nationalists ought to remember that hatred and Non-Cooperation are not the best means of attaining Swarajya. There must be mutual confidence and mutual cooperation and goodwill. Confidence begets confidence and had this golden maxim been borne in mind during the regime of Chelmsford the Punjab tragedy would have been easily avoided. The good son of loved Queen-mother Victoria asks us to and forgive. Let us therefore forget and be willing to cooperate with Viceroy in the work of peace and for India.

The public buildings city flew their flags yesterday and the ships in the harbour also did the

SPORTING NEWS.

SIMLA RACES.

FIRST DAY'S RESULTS.

(From our Racing Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 24.

Today being a public holiday, Empire Day, the race course at Annandale attracted a large number of spectators and there was some fair sport. The fields were not large, five starters being the best muster of the day. There were five bookmakers present and the race committee ran win and place totalisators, backers and bookies shared the fortunes of the day and in only one race, the Jakho Plate, was anything like a surprise furnished. The course, was in fair condition, thanks to the assiduous care which Mr. Drake has bestowed upon it. But dust was very much in evidence in the ring and outside the track. The band of the 2nd Seaforth Highlanders under Mr. Wiltshier played an excellent selection of music. The race officials were stewards, the Hon. Mr. Hailey, the Hon. Mr. Muddiman, General Sir George Macmunn, Sir Godfrey Fell, General Cassels and Col. Peacocke. The Judge was General Cassels, assisted by Col. Sawyer, Starter, Colonel Palin, Clerk of the Scales, Major Kennedy Handicapper, Capt. Williams and joint hon. secs. Major Ororke and Capt. Jobson.

Results:—

GARRARD CUP for C.B. Ponies, which have never won a race. Value Rs. 500 or over. This was a walkover for Mrs. Heslop's GELDING GENUINE.

THE PUNJAB PLATE for Arab Ponies.

Maharaja of Patiala's PEACE DAY, 8/3, Jaffar 1

Squadron Leader Barton's TAISEER, 9/1, (car. 9/8) Owner 2

Sant Singh Chhachhis' MOUNT PLEASANT, 10/1, Capt Randall 3

Also ran:—Three Fifty.

Won by a length, ½ length between second and third.

Betting:—Evens Peace Day, threes Mount Pleasant, fives Taiseer.

Totalisator Paid:—Win Rs. 4.

JAKHO PLATE—Welter Handicap for Ponies.

Mr Featherstonhaugh's ISOLDA, 8/9, (car. 9/7), Capt Heslop 1

Sirdar Jiwan Singh's MAVOURNEEN, 10/11 Jaffir 2

Mr Turner's LITTLE EVA 11/7, Major Gannon 3

The race:—Isolda led from the start and after a close race won by two lengths, one and a half lengths between second and third.

Betting:—Evens Mavourneen, six to four Little Eva and fives Isolda.

Totalisator Paid:—Win Rs. 12.

TARADEVI PLATE—High Weight Handicap for C B Ponies.

Mrs Heslop's GENUINE, 8/8, Jaffir 1

Maharaja of Patiala's LITTLE WONDER 10/12, Capt Randall 2

Lieut Erskine Lindop's WINKEY, 7/0, Abdul Khaliq 3

The race:—Genuine soon got the lead, which he maintained throughout a good race winning by two lengths, six lengths between second and third.

Betting:—Three to one against Little Wonder, threes Genuine, fours Winkey.

Totalisator Paid:—Win Rs. 3.

STAFF CUP for Arab Ponies 14.2 and under, which have never won flat race value Rs. 500 or over.

Raja Sripal Singh's RONALD, 8/8, Abdul Khaliq 1

Maharaja of Patiala's PEACE DAY, 9/4, (car 9/8) Jaffir 2

Raja Sripal Singh's BADEN, 9/4, Barosa 3

Also ran:—Gold Mohur.

Betting:—Twos against Peace Day, twos Baden, sixes Gold Mohur and Ronald.

Totalisator Paid:—Win Rs. 16.

The race:—Ronald and Peace Day made a fine race of it till near the turn into the straight, when Ronald drew ahead and won by 1½ lengths, a neck between second and third.

THE RACES CUP for English and Australian Ponies 14/2 and under.

Sirdar Jiwan Singh's MAVOURNEEN, 11/7 Jaffir 1

Capt Randall's CERISE, 9/10, Owner 2

Mr Turner's LITTLE EVA, 11/2, Major Gannon 3

The race:—Cerise and Little Eva took up the running, but, half way round the latter forged ahead with Mavourneen close behind. At the bend Mavourneen came out and a close finish resulted in a win for Jaffir by a short head only, one and a half lengths between second and third.

Betting:—Three to two against Mavourneen fours Little Eva, four to six Cerise.

Totalisator Paid:—Win Rs. 6

The race:—An objection was lodged by Mavourneen's owner against Cerise for alleged bumping, but this was overruled.

THE RAWLINSON CUP for C B Ponies.

Mr Featherstonhaugh's ISOLDA, 10/5, Capt Heslop 1

Raja Sripal Singh's INDIAN MADE 9/8 Abdul Khaliq 2

Mrs Heslop's GENUINE, 10/2, Capt Randall 3

Also ran:—Winkey.

The race:—Genuine led at the start, and was soon overtaken by Isolda, who won a capital race, two lengths between second and third.

Betting:—2 to 1 against Indian Made, threes Isolda and Genuine, eights Winkey.

The second and final days' racing will be on Saturday next.

CENTRAL HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, May 24.

The St. Josephs College Club beat the 145th Infantry R.F.A., by ten goals to two in the opening round of the Central Hockey Tournament on the Gymkhana Ground.

PROVINCIAL FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

(Associated Press

BANGALORE, May 24.

The final of the Provincial Football Tournament between the 67th Battery and 145th Battery R.F.A. was decided after two draws, the 67th Battery eventually winning by one goal to nil.

The trial of the three accused in the Lyons Range dacoity case concluded yesterday at the High Court. The jury returned an unanimous verdict of guilty against Mohomad Hussain and Nizamuddin and a divided verdict of guilty, six to three against Shadut Khan. The judge sentenced each to seven years' rigorous imprisonment.

Reports have been received from several stations of observance of the Empire Day.

CONVINCED

THE ROVER IS THE BEST CAR

A user writes:—

"I have had my Rover only for 6 months, but long enough to be Convinced it is the BEST CAR on the Market for its price. It's a very good looking Car and runs beautifully."

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Wednesday, May 25, 1921.

THE STERLING LOAN.

The Financial Secretary has addressed a long polemic to the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau on the subject of the seven per cent. sterling loan, attempting to reply to the specific charges levelled against the action of the Government by the Chamber. We are not convinced of the soundness of Mr. Cook's financial logic, though the last remaining doubt as to his partisanship has vanished. He has brushed aside the suggestion that London is no longer the money-market of the world by the airy assertion that such questions "are matters of opinion and do not in any case affect the matter immediately at issue." Is it merely a matter of opinion that, if London has ceased to be the cheap money market that it used to be the terms that the borrower in that centre may have to offer would have to be sensibly higher, involving thereby an unnecessary loss to the borrower? And does it really not affect the situation? But Mr. Cook has had an inspiration, and gone further afield than is his wont or is his office, by introducing political considerations into what ought to be regarded as exclusively an economic problem. Stated compendiously, the Financial Secretary's argument amounts to this: that owing to certain political agitation at present going on in this country, India's position is, or may be feared to have been, so far weakened in a foreign money market that those responsible for the success of such a loan cannot afford to take risks by offering uncertain terms. Granting *in toto* Mr. Cook's impossible position, it amounts to this that the Government of India are prepared to teach us a severe lesson as to the financial and economic necessity of not differing from official opinion, on pain of India's annual drain being incontinently increased. Does Mr. Cook seriously think that India will at this time of day accept such special pleading and sit down with folded hands under such insults?

Examining the argument more in detail, we must charge the Government, assuming the truth or validity of Mr. Cook's suggestions and implications, with culpable negligence in safeguarding the interests of India. If they knew or believed that the British investor was seriously perturbed about the political situation in this country; if they were aware that a certain alarmist section of anti-Indians was intensifying the difficulties of the Government of India by creating a false atmosphere in England, was it not their duty to dispel such false impressions before venturing on a financial operation which would mean an admitted and [illegible] loss to this country? Government are entertaining a number of Directors of Publicity or Information. [illegible] their function, what is their necessity, what is their utility, if through them Government cannot combat the nefarious actions of a mischievous section of British Indophobists? It appears to be unjustifiable, unmitigated negligence, to use no stronger expression, for the Government to float a loan in England under conditions which they now officially allege to have influenced the Secretary of State and his advisers in settling the extravagant terms of the sterling loan. A Government which could be guilty of such a gross remissness in duty is undeserving of public confidence. We do not, however, believe in the elaborate special pleading of Mr. Cook. If there is any truth in the suggestion that India's credit in England has suffered owing to the non-cooperation movement, the sole course open to the Government was not to incur unnecessary risk or loss by offering specially high terms, but to refrain from borrowing until those misapprehensions had been removed. We do not consider that the Indian money market, given terms as attractive as were offered to the British investor would not have risen to the occasion, and subscribed all that the Government wanted for the economic development of the country. Mr. Cook is wasting his breath and public stationery if he believes that anybody in India desires to arrest the scheme of material development. We would, however, point out that there is no inconsistency in asking for a rapid rate of material development and in complaining against the wasteful extravagance of the Government of India in the Army and Public Departments. But without entering into that vexed question of public finance, we may yet urge upon the Government of India the advisability of trying the Indian money market before ever they attempt to borrow elsewhere. We despair of making Mr. Cook and men of his class ever realise that the fundamental objection to borrowing in England is not that the rate is somewhat higher, —though that is the one most easily understood by a Government which appeals to commercial considerations in justifying its impossible position,— but that such borrowing gradually drains this country of a steadily increasing proportion of its investable wealth, and must, therefore, be held in abeyance until the Indian market has been fully exploited. If the Government of India had not been so hasty,—or, what seems to be nearer the truth, if their hands had not been forced by the manipulations of the financial advisers of the Secretary of State;—if the Government had tried half the expedients, of which their officers were guilty during the war-time for swelling subscriptions to the wasteful war loans, for ensuring the success of more productive borrowing in peace-time; if Mr. Cook and his colleagues of the Finance Department had troubled themselves at all to study the recent returns of the Indian joint stock companies, not to mention provincial borrowers, we are convinced that no one except an unreasoning partisan could have been guilty of such specious arguments as are contained in Mr. Cook's precious communique. Before this loan was floated in England, what steps, we ask, had the Secretary of State and his advisers taken to ascertain the investors' feelings in Britain anent the scaremongers of the Sydenham breed? Before these absolutely indefensible terms of interest and conversion were fixed upon, were the Government of India consulted, we want to know, about the ability of the Indian money market to take up the loan necessary for righting Indian finance, and if so what answer did Simla make to such inquiries? Or is the public to conclude —what, indeed, is transpareat in every line of Mr. Cook's special pleading —that the Government of India were left entirely in the dark by the Secretary of State and his financial advisers who negotiated the deal for the benefit of the Lombard Street bankers, and who, now that they see that the deal is not put through without some criticism in this country, have placed the Financial Secretary, as he himself admits in this letter, "in a position, to comply with your committee's request for enlightenment as to what those reasons were." If this conclusion is right,—and we cannot see what other conclusion can be reasonably deduced from the communiques officially issued—we demand that the Financial Committee of the Secretary of State's Council, having proved themselves unworthy of the trust reposed in them, shall be summarily replaced, or such other means shall be adopted as will insure India once and for ever against this unacceptable excuse for official blunders.

The charge against the Government of India does not end here. It has been proved that corporations with a poorer credit than that of the Government of India could borrow in the London market cheaper than the Government have been made to do. Admitting such borrowing to be unavoidable and deciding upon such a borrowing in England, they were still bound to afford equal facilities for Indian investors to avail themselves of the loan if they wanted to do so. Mr. Cook has on this point adopted the good old traditional attitude of unrepentant bureaucrats; a plea for special circumstances, a lame admission of default and a half-hearted promise of reform in the future. We wonder at the effrontery of our Finance Department when it could write as it does in this letter: "The Secretary of State will, however, consider, on the occasion of the next loan, whether in the event of the early closing of the lists special consideration can be given to people in India, as he recognises the desirability of giving residents in India a similar opportunity so far as practicable, to that open to persons in the United Kingdom." This tardy admission of the initial error does not save us from a future repetition of the same, unless our legislators assert the fundamental principles of public credit in this country that no loan shall be floated by the Secretary of State for India in Council (whose financial Committee needs to be radically reconstructed) on behalf and on account of the Government of India, unless first the Indian market has been tried for the sum required; and, failing the Indian market meeting the entire demand of the Government of India, unless in every case of outside borrowing, ample facilities are provided for investors in India to avail themselves of the foreign loan.

Notes of the Day.

Empire Day.

Empire Day was observed yesterday by the same gentlemen who have been doing it for the last dozen years or so. It would be interesting to know something more about the Empire in which these people have a sort of proprietary interest. The cult of the Empire Day received its greatest impetus in the days of that great friend of India, Lord Sydenham, when he was the satrap of this Presidency. They were the golden days of toadies and flunkies, and repression was for all outside his orbit. Honours were then easy to obtain for the honour of Indians was cheap. Titles were given to people either for writing an epic on the death of the wife or daughter of a Governor or for shooting down their countrymen during a riot, or for carrying tales to Government House. Since then, however, India has advanced. Bombay which could not make its grievances heard then, can do so now in unmistakable terms. The audience at yesterday's meeting was not more than 200 which, considering the occasion and the purpose for which it had met, must be considered decent. Mr. Joshi who is the leader of the Empire Day movement in this Presidency had the support of a few J. P's and other aspirants for titles. His speech was, however, pitched in a comparatively manly tone this year.

What is India in the Empire.

It is a pity that Mr. Joshi and others who supported him yesterday did not tell the public more about the Empire which they possessed. These gentlemen must not be living in th's world for they seem to know very little about the conditions that obtain everywhere. What portion of the British Empire is there, in the existence of which these men can take some sort of legitimate pride? If they went to Australia they would be treated as "coolies" and kicked out of it! If they went to Natal and Transvaal, they would not be allowed to travel in the tramcars and in the railway trains except third class! Could they get any rights in Canada, or New Zealand, or could they settle there? Wherever one turns his eye one sees a huge wall erected against Indians! Except as coolies Indians are not wanted anywhere, whether in the Crown Colonies, or in the Dominions. Lala Lajpat Rai once said that the word "Imperialism" was one of the worst and most sinful words that was ever invented by man, and all the benefits of Imperialism that are apparent to Indians up to this time are degradation because of their colour, and naked and unashamed exploitation. Except as a "cooly"—a term which is applied to all Indians whether they are J. P's or Rao Bahadurs in South Africa—the Indian is not wanted and a "cooly" means a legalised slave of capitalists. The treatment that Indians have received and are receiving all over the British Empire, of which Mr. Joshi and his friends are so proud, because they are British Indian subjects, must make all decent Indians ashamed. Therefore it is that the word Empire stinks in the nostrils of all Indians who want to be free and not slaves. The less said of the people, who in spite of the unutterable humiliations, still hug this fetish to their bosoms, the better for all. But it is time that the cant was exposed. India is not in a mood just now to tolerate such humbug. The Congress resolution is there and the creed of the Congress has been deliberately changed. To talk enthusiastically of continuing our present servitude to bolster up an Empire which spells the ruin of all coloured people is degrading and no self- respecting Indian will have any thing to do with such attempt.

Zaghloul's Reception.

The "Nation and the Athenaeum" publishes the following description of Zaghloul Pasha's arrival in Cairo:—

"No man can describe the Cairo scenes. There was a deafening continuous roar of 'Long live Zaghloul Pasha, long live our beloved President, long live father Zaghloul, long live Adly's Ministry under the banner of the Egyptian delegation, long live Adly under the banner of Zaghloul.' Yet there was not a single case of disorder, the pick-pockets declaring abstention from their profession during the two days of his arrival in Alexandria and the day of his arrival in Cairo—otherwise two prosperous days for them. One house, only one in the whole city, was not beflagged, its shutters down, and the house itself was guarded by a big force of police armed to the teeth. It is the house of Tewfik Nessim, the ex-Premier. By the side of the national standard was a standard with the crescent and the cross blended. Women were very numerous in the processions. An interesting incident was witnessed on Zaghloul entering the capacious place especially prepared for his reception. The ladies immediately discarded their veils, demanding complete independence, and crowded to kiss their beloved leader. This, indeed, is a new chapter in Egypt's history. It was with great difficulty that the gas, water and telegraph workers were induced to remain at work, the day of the arrival being a public holiday. Zaghloul's first visit was to the tombs of Copts and Moslems who fell in Egypt's cause, the second to the Coptic patriarch, the third to El Azhar Mosque for Friday prayers, in which two Coptic delegation members joined; the fourth to the Catholic Archbishop and the Armenian Catholic and Orthodox Patriarchs and the Chief Rabbi—two new chapters in Egyptian History."

A Question of Mode.

While a certain class of officials in this country are fulminating against "Gandhi" caps and threatening Government servants with dire penalties for wearing or permitting their children to wear them, the United States Navy has paid a tribute, though unconsciously, to this very headgear, by suggesting to its members to don such caps as a protection against tropical heat. Any day, just at present, one can see dozens of these American "tars" promenading the streets of Bombay, clad in white trousers and vests and with their close-shaven crowns decorated with "Gandhi" caps. In the present grilling heat of Bombay these white caps, "beautiful, light and inoffensive", as Mr. Gandhi has described them, form an ideal wear. Such a headgear is admirably suited to Indian conditions, both physical and economic, and we wonder that there should be found any official who would discourage people from wearing it. Our local morning contemporary bewails the lack of humour in Non-Cooperators. If our contemporary looks nearer home it will find that the British official suffers in this respect to a much greater extent than the Non-Cooperator. If Lord Reading, by any chance, sets the fashion to the "heaven-borns" by wearing a Gandhi-cap, we promise that within a decade the "sundried bureaucrat" will become as extinct as the Dodo.

A Jodhpur Tragedy.

Mr. Harischandra Dey of Bagar Mohalla, Jodhpur, writes to us as follows:—

"The facts which form the subject matter of this communication relate to a Native State, but as there is no medium for the expression of views in Native states, I have to trespass on the hospitality of your columns and trust you will kindly publish this.

In the village of Bali, in Jodhpur State, there is a fort where a garrison was formerly stationed; now it is out of use. In the fort stores of food-grains, gunpowder, etc., are kept for the use of soldiers. There was some quantity of unconsumed articles in this fort. The State appointed an officer about the beginning of March last to take stock of all the things. For this purpose labor was naturally needed and the old and convenient method of forced labor was adopted. Constables entered into the houses of villagers and laid their hands upon them irrespective of their caste and suitability for the work, some were marched off in the midst of their meals. Labourers who had come from other villages to sell wood etc., were also not spared. Their bundles were lying unsold and they had to work as Begaries. The poverty of an Indian labourer does not need any mention, he has hardly any thing to fall back upon. Now when the labourers were dismissed in the evening without any payment their anxiety may well be imagined. The work lasted for about a week and every day fresh Begaries were caught hold of. Perhaps several had to work for more than one day. I need not comment on this; all criticism is superfluous.

The last day witnessed a tragedy to which I should like to draw the special attention of the Jodhpur Durbar. Gunpowder had to be weighed on that day. Being old it had become consolidated into small masses and had therefore to be dug out. In such cases ordinariy wooden spades are used but in this instance iron spades were employed, though wooden spades were there. Maybe the labourers were ignorant of the danger of using iron spades, but what was the supervising officer doing? The iron spades produced friction as the result of which the gunpowder got ignited and several people were blown off. In all about 35 died and about 45 were more or less seriously injured. The tragedy is dismal enough but what makes it much more gruesome is that no compensation has yet been allowed to the injured labourers or the relations of those who lost their lives. Utilisation of Begar is always bad enough but under such circumstances as I have mentioned its painful aspect is very prominently brought into relief. I hope that considerations of humanity will not be totally disregarded by the Jodhpur State."

We hope so too.

One more unfortunate!

We give below an obscure paragraph from the "Englishman":—

European Fined.—Mr. Joseph Muir, a European fireman, on the E. B. Railway, who was charged before the Police Magistrate of Sealdah with causing the death of his Madrasi cook by hitting him with his fist was convicted on a charge of causing simple hurt and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 300 out of which Rs. 250 was ordered to be paid to the grand-mother of the cook.

The King can do no wrong, and why should not a gentleman putting the hat on, enjoy the immunity of the "King-Emperor's representative" which every one feels to be East of Suez? Still people slobber and slobber about British justice and they in this case will, of course, point to the Rs. 250 as the sign of peace. As Lord Reading quoted and the Duke said, let us forgive and forget, with our eye on the King-Emperor's message. Let us cultivate the habit and earn the praise of loyalty. For great is British Justice! Killing is no murder—in certain circumstances in India.

A Welcome Tendency.

The tardiness of the authorities in British India in effecting that much needed reform of administration, viz., the separation of the judicial and executive functions, compares unfavourably with the willingness of the Indian States, one after another, to introduce the reform. The Baroda Durbar was the first in the field more than a decade ago. Since then some other States too have followed suit. In Mysore, the reform is in the experimental stage and we have no doubt before long there will be a complete bifurcation of functions throughout the State. Among the latest to come into line with the above States are the Hyderabad and Kapurthala States. In the latter State simultaneously with the establishment of a Council of State, the Maharaja has sanctioned the separation of the judicial and executive functions in the administration. The judicial powers of the Chief Minister, as the Supreme Court of Revision and Appeal, will [illegible]rth be vested in the Chief Court, which will thus become the highest Court of Revision and Appeal in the State. While these States are displaying such praiseworthy interest in the reform, it is really puzzling why the authorities in British India should be apathetic about it, if not covertly hostile to the scheme. Such a reform is urgently needed at a time when on every side we see justice prostituted to extraneous ends.

English Education.

Admirers of English literature and modern English education as imparted in this country have found fault with Mr. Gandhi for his declaration that this education has denationalised and emasculated the Indian youth. We reproduce below some "verses" sent to us for publication by a *Hindu* student of St. Vincent's High School, Ghorpuri, Poona. The reflections which a perusal of the effusions of this product of up-to-date English education suggests had better be left undescribed:

HER DREAM.

With comely face
A lovely maid was she;
Her name was Grace.
Was resting under a tree.
She fell asleep,
And in her dream she saw
Her lover leap,
Her little dog to draw,
The deep river,
Was dwelt by crocodile;
Began to shiver
The lover in the Nile.
He gave some cries
When pulled by crocodile,
And ne'er did rise
From fatal river Nile.
She heaved a sigh,
And heard some footsteps tread;
Saw lover by
Whom thought in dream was dead.

What more is expected of the Indian youth of to-day?

INFANTRYMEN COURT MARTIALED.

FOR ATTENDING DIST. CONFERENCE

HAVALDAR GETS 3 YEARS AND NAYAK 1 YEAR.

MILITARY RETURNS LETTER UNOPENED.

"The Independent" publishes the following information:—

Ramchandra, Pay Hawaldar, and Fiaz Ali, Nayak, both of the 18th Infantry, posted at Allahabad, were tried by court martial for having taken part in the District Conference on the 10th instant and sentenced to 3 years and one year's rigorous imprisonment respectively. Both of them are family men, Ramachandra having a mother, a wife and a daughter aged 10 living with him in the lines. Fyaz Ali has also a wife living with him in the lines. Rama chandra's daughter died of fever on the 19th inst. The other women are still in the lines. No provision has been made for them and they have simply been ordered today to leave the lines. They are residents of the District of Ambala.

"Our impression", says "The Independent" is reliable, that we were anxious to be absolutely sure. We accordingly addressed, the Officer Commanding, the 18th Infantry, for verification. But that distinguished individual elected to behave in an extraordinary fashion. He chose to return the letter sent to him unopened. We know that the Army is not a school of manners but we had a sort of idea that men put in responsible positions would behave with a certain sense of responsibility. We shall reserve comment on the facts mentioned for a week. If the facts are not accurate, we hope to hear, in the meanwhile from the authorities concerned."

3,000 LABOURERS STRANDED

THEIR PLIGHT DEPLORABLE.

REPRESENTATIVES DISCUSS WITH OFFICERS.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, May 23.

Chandpur, May 21.—Fifty Ghurkas arrived here last night from Dacca. The stranded coolies, numbering about 3,000, have been waiting at the Railway Station in different batches. As advised by the local leaders they did not make any attempt to board any steamer at the Ghat without tickets but slept peacefully after having scanty meals supplied by the local people.

After the last train had left the Chandpur station, at about 10-20 p.m. Mr. K. C. De, Divisional Commissioner, Mr. Wares, District Magistrate, and the Hon. Mr. Sinha, Sub-Divisional Officer, visited the station. It was thought necessary to keep the station yard clear and the Ghurkas helped the Railwaymen in clearing the station yard sheds, and the platform before midnight.

A report gained currency in the town that some of the coolies have been roughly handled. Babus Akhil Chundar Dutt, Hardval Nag and others went towards the station and rendered them help. Babu Akhil Chundar Dutt saw Mr. De and discussed the situation, but nothing definite is known as to what actually took place at the interview.

The coolies are now scattered in the town and neighbouring villages. As a result of this incident a complete hartal is being observed in the town to-day, the pleaders and mukteers are not attending courts and all shops are closed.

HARTAL AT CHITTAGONG.

AUTHORITIES ACTION CONDEMNED

(Associated Press.)

CHITTAGONG, May 23.

A report that coolies stranded at Chandpur had been ill-treated reached here last night. A meeting was immediately called and hartal decided upon. Accordingly a hartal is being observed here to-day. The steamers bound for Rangoon and China Bazaar could not leave.

The Bar Association passed a resolution condemning the authorities concerned and suspended work for the day.

THE WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 23.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam and South Burma, local in Kashmir with a few falls in Bengal. The chief amounts are: Tavoy four inches, Moulmein one, Cherrapunji five, Dibrugarh, Jailpaiguri one, Shardu a quarter.

Forecast:—Extension in Bengal.

SIMLA, May 24.

There has been local rain in Lower Burma and Assam with few falls in Bengal, Mysore and Malabar. The chief amounts are:—Mergui one and a half inches; Rangoon two; Toungoo, Charapunji one; Dibrugarh two; Dhubri three-quarters; Barrisal, Bangalore, Cochin a half; Ootacamund one.

Forecast:—No large change.

MONSOON DEVELOPING IN COLOMBO.

(Associated Press.)

COLOMBO, May 24.

On Saturday south-west wind was stronger at Colombo, The sky was dull with showers of rain, and the monsoon appears to be developing normally.

TONK EXILES.

ARRIVE AT AJMER.

FUNDS NEEDED FOR RELIEF WORK

Secretary, Khilafat Committee, Ajmer, wires under date May 24:—

Of the large numbers exiled from Tonk, some have arrived at Ajmer and more are expected. Maulana Moinuddin has arranged for their entertainment with the aid of the Khilafat workers. Proposal for establishment of a permanent Tonk exiled camp is being considered by the Khilafat Committee. The Tonk Relief Fund, raised some time ago, is fast nearing exhaustion and fresh funds are badly needed to carry on relief work even on a moderate scale. In view of the untold suffering, benevolent persons are strongly appealed to extend helping hand towards mitigating of the troubles of the Tonk sufferers. Subscriptions should be sent to Maulana Moinuddin, president, or Secretary Khilafat Committee.

News has just been received that the seven political prisoners of Tonk have been transferred to Ajmer gaol.

SUNDERLALJI GETS 1 YEAR REGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.

"REJOICE IN SUFFERING AND SACRIFICE."

From a Correspondent.

WARDHA, May 24.

Babu Sunderlalji's Case was taken up yesterday. There was a crowd of over 5,000 people outside the Court, and only 10 or 12 people were allowed to be in the Court room after Sunderlalji had arrived. The Court announced the sentence of rigorous imprisonment for one year.

Sunderlalji was then garlanded by Shreemati Sabhadri Kumari. People's proposal to have a photograph of Sunderlalji was not accepted by the District Superintendent of Police. Sunderlalji's attitude was heroic and grave, he being the most unconcerned and careless about the sentence. He then delivered his message to his countrymen and after having come out of the Court addressed the people to observe strict non-violence and said in the most dignified tone that his message will be read out to the public by Mr. Barlingay in English and by Pandit Makhanlall Chaturvady in Hindi. He then asked them to abide by it in thought and deed to their utmost. He was then put into a tonga and taken to the jail, followed by a very large crowd of people crying out "Bande Mataram", "Gandhiji-ki Jai." "Sunderlalji ki Jai'

DISORDER

After going a small distance some boys asked that the tonga in which Sunderlal was seated should be driven with a slow pace. But the police reserve inspector got down and gave a push to them. Consequently two or three stones were thrown by some small boys. The police in their rage used sticks and gun handles and contributed to disorder instead of preventing it. While a certain individual on suspicion was being hauled up, one respectable volunteer, Keshorao Pangamwar, interfered for him, and asked for his release. Keshorao was, it is alleged, was then assaulted by the police, who wanted to arrest him but some persons attempted to interfere. The police threatened the people by showing cartridges and people were highly provoked. In the meantime Seth Jamnalalji having gone to the spot, the situation was saved. Sethji handed over Keshorao to the police custody. Before the Court, Keshorao refused to offer bail. This news having reached Sunderlalji, he vowed not to take food for 48 hours. Jamnalalji visited him in jail and asked him to take his food, but Sunderlalji was firm to his vow. From the place of disturbance people were taken back by local workers to Gandhi Chowk, where Sunderlalji's message was read. The following was the message:—

"REJOICE IN SUFFERING AND SACRIFICE."

"I wish to assure all those that have taken such interest in me and my work that, with the consciousness of having performed my duty, I shall be freer and happier, inside the jail than outside it. But I also wish my countrymen here and outside to understand that any of the slightest expression of ill-will on the part of any of them towards any of the persons concerned in this case would cause me immense pain. We should never forget that faithful adherence to the principles of non-violence in thought, word and deed and even under provocation and the genuine brotherly feeling between the Hindus and Mahomedans and the other communities of this country are the key notes to success in our movement. Let us have faith, and concentrate all energies on carrying out the mandate of the Congress. Rejoice in suffering and sacrifice and rest assured. Swarajya is coming to us much faster than most of us can even imagine. One word more. To that selfless band of young workers, whom I so much loved and shall love and on whom now specially rests the responsibility of carrying out Mahatma Gandhi's wishes in this province, I mean my ashramites at Nagpur, I know their difficulties. They must face them like men with the purity and strength of their souls and from what I know of them I am confident. They will prove worthy of their noble charge."

Pandit Makhanlalji, Editor "Karmvir", Pandit Sahadeo, Editor "Rajsthan Kesari" and Appa Joshi appealed to the public to follow the principle of non-violence, if they really want "Jay" of Mahatma Gandhi to establish Swarajya within a year and do release Sunderlalji.

MEETINGS PROHIBITED.

A notice was written on the Congress boards to hold a meeting at night. Subsequently, an order of the D. C. was issued preventing the meetings and even the gathering of not more than 25 persons in the area within the six miles of Wardha town under Section 144.

ARRESTS BEING MADE.

Some arrests are being made today. Persons are handing over themselves happily and joyfully to the police.

JAIL FROM GUJERAT.

GOVT.'S DEFECTIVE FAMINE RELIEF.

PLIGHT OF BROACH AND PUNCHMAHALS.

From our own Correspondent

AHMEDABAD, May 21

Government is slowly organising famine Relief in Dohad. Jhalod relief, however, is marred by grave defects. Tank work was opened at Ranjar only after people promised to contribute Rs. 1,000. About 800 people are engaged. At Tanyale, the talati is busy collecting the promised sum. Government is distributing doles mostly out of local subscriptions.

The Collector of Broach not only remains unmoved, but threatens persecution. Only Rs. 70,000 sanctioned after long delays as Tagavi for Jambusar with 80 villages and population of 70,000. Miserable sums of about Rs. 10,000 and Rs. 25,000 sanctioned for the same purpose for Amod, Vagra through latter is as severely affected as Jambusor.

The Collector recently toured in Vigrra Taluka, apparently to inquire into complaints about the unjust collection of land revenue but made hurried escapes from insistent appeals of villagers. People of Rahad one of the three villages charged with full payment of revenue, complained to the Collector about the Mamlatdar not having visited the village since January. The Collector justified full collection on the strength of hurried personal visit. People paid half the recenue with considerable difficulty. Officers, bent on exacting the remaining half, served notice on Bhagadari holders to break up their lands among individual farmers on ryotwari tenure, if they did not pay before the tenth instant. Ryotwari holders are also threatened with penalties for not paying before the fifteenth instant.

The public is earnestly requested to respond.

SAVARKAR BROS.

GANESH PUT IN BIJAPUR JAIL.

VINAYAK IN RATNAGIRI JAIL.

We learn on reliable information that the eldest brother Mr. Ganesh Damodar Savarkar is put in the Bijapur jail and Mr. Vinayak Damodar the Barrister is put in the Ratnagiri jail.

TWO CONGRESS WORKERS ARRESTED.

IN PONANI TALUQ.

(From a Correspondent)

PALGHAT, May 23.

Two Congress workers, Messrs. K. Kelappan Nair and K. V. Balakrishna Menon were arrested while addressing a Non-Co-operation meeting in Ponani Taluk. The former is a teacher Non-Cooperator and Secretary, Ponani Taluk Congress. The latter is a student Non-Cooperator. They have been brought to Palghat to be produced before the Divisional Magistrate, to-day. They looked perfectly cheerful, when met by the Congress Secretary, Palghat.

CONVICTION OF MR. HAMID AHMED.

JUDGMENT.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, May 24.

Mr. Indubusan Mundle, I.C.S., Sessions Judge of Allahabad, delivered judgment today, in the case in which Mr. Hamid Ahmed, a prominent Khilafat lecturer, was tried under Sections 121 and 124-A, I. P. C. The Judge, after referring to some passages in the accused's speech, said there could be no doubt that the accused asked his hearers to follow the policy of Non-Cooperation for a period of six or seven months, and thereafter to proceed to assassination of Government officials, as was done at Kheri, Lakhimpur. This is incitement to open rebellion. There is incitement in the second place to use force and the object was to overthrow the British Government as established by law in India. All elements which go to make up an offence under Section 121, I. P. C., were thereby complete. It was also abundantly clear that the object which the accused had in view was to bring the Government into hatred and excite disaffection towards it. The accused pleaded "not guilty", but called no witnesses in defence. The two main pleas he urged were that he had only given expression to his religious convictions, which are to be found in religious books and *fatwas*. In the second place, he contended that he had advised his audience to defer compliance with the command of their religion to some future occasion and that it was merely by way of assumption that he had stated that if necessity arose that they should act up to their religious convictions and should not avoid drawing swords. The learned Judge did not hold this to be the justification of the speech and finding the accused, Hamid Ahmed, guilty of both charges, sentenced him under Section 121, I. P. C., to transportation for life with forfeiture of all his property and, under Section 124, I. P. C., to three years' rigorous imprisonment, sentences to run concurrently. The Judge remarked that the transportation for life was the lighter of the two punishments provided by law for offence under Section 121. There were few people present in the Court, when the accused was sentenced and no demonstration of any kind took place as it was announced that the judgment would be delivered on the 25th instant.

Mr. Behari Lal Nehru, Government Pleader, conducted the prosecution. The prisoner was undefended.

TERRORISM IN MEWAR.

SERIOUS ALLEGATIONS AGAINST TROOPS.

INDISCRIMINATE ARRESTS OF KISANS.

FLOGGING, BRUISING AND FIRING.

President Rajsthan Sevasangha, Ajmer wires under date May 23:—

In April, 18,000 tenants of Begoon (Mewar) protested against legar and lagate and moved the Maharana and Raoji for their abolition. As no relief was forthcoming, they decided to resort to Satyagraha. Raoji started repression. Several tenants were imprisoned flogged and shoed. twelve cart loads of fodder and fuel with 24 oxen were captured.

On the 16th May, 2,500 tenants gathered at village Mandawari, when about ten armed horsemen arrived and forty soldiers and order ing out all except Dhakars, surrounded the meeting with pointed rifles. They wanted to take Nolaram and Kishanlal, two leading tenants, to Begoon under the pretence of negotiating; but the Kisans, suspecting evil, declined sending them. Twenty more soldiers came from Mandawari dragged out Nolaram and Kishanlal and bruised their heads mercilessly with lathis. The horsemen galloped in among the crowd, including women and children with drawn swords. Seven shots were fired. One man shot through the thigh lies in the precarious condition.

In all seven persons were wounded by bullets, about twenty by sword and forty by lathies. The wounded were not allowed to be removed medically helped or given water for twelve hours. About 1,000 Kisans are still detained hungry and thirsty. Their waterpots broken, and use of wells forbidden.

At night fall two Razka fields were burnt.

It was announced that all Kisan houses would be looted and burnt and property confiscated. Kishans were unarmed and, despite grave provocation committed no violence. Great terror and uncertainty about life and property prevails. Maharana is already approached and requested by Kishans. The Rajasthan Sevesangha have taken the matter in hand. The situation may grow dangerous.

SERIOUS CHARGES AGAINST AUTHORITIES

Secretary, Rajsthan, Sevasangh, Ajmer wires under date May 24:—

Terrorism in Begoon (Mewar) continues. Authorities not content with shooting already reported are charging Kelud Nolaram and other prominent Kishans with rebellion and fabricating evidence against them by bribing Bhils, Minas and Goojars with wine and money. On the 18th May, many Kisans, under the solemn pleadge of safety were seduced to Begoon tanks and suddenly armed sepoys and sowar of Thikana surrounded them and arrested twenty-two Leaders having escaped. Prisoners are committed to stocks, made to stand in the sun, beaten with shoes and threatened death unless prepared to submit to begar and lagats. They are neither allowed to ease themselves at call; nor eat raw *makki* grains, no cooked food being given. Kisans' patience and non-violence being limitlessly taxed.

It is feared the prisoners' lives are seriously imperilled.

SIKH MEETING IN LAHORE.

POLICY OF AKALI APPROVED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, May 23.

A meeting of representatives of the Sikh from all parts of the Punjab was held here yesterday at the house of Sardar Sardul Singh Cavissiour to discuss the position of the community as regards the cases that have been started by important Government officials against the Akali. It was decided that the Panth would give every support to the management as against the efforts in certain quarters to kill the Akali and through it the Akali movement.

Resolutions were passed approving of the policy of the Akali in connection with the Nankhana tragedy.

AT LAST!

MR. THOMPSON TO GO.

A "DEFINITE DECISION".

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, May 23.

The "Tribune" writes: We have reasons to believe that it has now been definitely decided that Mr. J. P. Thompson should relinquish the office of Chief Secretary to the Punjab Government. We do not know to whom we are precisely indebted for this decision, but we cannot be wrong in stating that the very highest authorities connected with the Government of India have taken an interest in this matter".

IMPERIAL SERVICE.

TIME EXTENDED TO RECEIVE APPLICATIONS.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 23.

A communique says: Applications for probationarships for Imperial Forest service were invited in January last, wide publicity being given to regulations by publications in official gazettes of the Government of India and of local Governments and by communication to the Press and Universities. The latest date fixed for the receipt of applications was the 15th May. The number of aplications received has been very small and the Government of India have, therefore, decided to extend the time during which applications will be received by the Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture up to June 1921, and may be submitted direct to that Officer. Copies of regulations and formes of applications may be obtained from him or from the Secretaries of local Governments and administrations.

FATHER MADE TO PAY FOR SON'S "SINS."

A Badaun correspondent of "The Independent" writes:—

Mr. O. F. Jenkins District Judge Badaun has passed the following order on 9th May which was duly served upon Babu Dorilal Munsarim East Munsif Badaun:—

Since Brijbahadur son of Babu Dorilal Munsarim East Munsif has been served with notice under Section 144 for delivering seditious speeches and Babu Dorilal has failed to producing a written declaration of loyalty to Government on the part of his son, Babu Dorilal is hereby called on to shof cause why he should not be removed from Government service.

On receipt of this order Babu Dorilal submitted an explanation stating that his son aged 25 was entirely beyond his control lived separately, earned for himself by carrying on business, and that under such circumstances he should not be made to pay for the sins of his son

his son.

Upon this explanation the following order was passed by Mr. Jenkins on 10th May:—

With reference to the above order and the explanation of Babu Dorilal filed to-day it is impossible to retain him in the service while his son is openly professing disloyality to the Government. This is a position of affairs which is likely to mislead the public as to the attitude of the Government towards Sedition. Before removing Babu Dorilal from service I suspend him for one month or until he produces the required declaration of loyalty on the part of his son. Suspension will have effect from to-day.

"PRATAP" FURNISHES SECURITIES

(Associated Press.)

CAWNPORE, May 23.

The Editor and the publisher of the "Pratap" who were being tried under section 108 C.P.C., have furnished securities to the satisfaction of the District Magistrate.

NAGPUR LIQUOR SHOPS CASE.

APPEALS DISMISSED.

(Associated Press.)

NAGPUR, May 24.

Mr. V. M. Khare, Additional Session, Judge, Nagpur, in dismissing the appeals preferred by five convicted persons, who were sentenced by Khan Bahadur Jacob on the charge of wrecking of liquor shops on the night of 27th March last, observed that according to the appelants counsel Non Cooperation movement was not responsible for the wreckage as it did not preach violence. His Lordship said:—A very great writer has said that the idea of Non-Cooperation is political asceticism, and it has at its back the fierce joy of annihilation, which at its best is asceticism and at its worst is that orgy of frightfulness in which human nature loving faith in the basic reality of normal life finds disinterested delight in an unmeaning devastation, as has been shown on many occasions. Non-Cooperation in its passive moral form is asceticism, and in its active moral form is violence. The devastation is thus active moral form of the movement, though non-violence is definitely preached in some cases.

ABOUT A LICENSE.

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Much has been said in criticism of the policy of the House of Tatas in showing undue preference to Europeans and discouraging Indian, particularly Hindu and Mohammedan, talent. But it would seem that the bad policy receives support from the attitude of the Government, which in certain matters, seems of late, especially—to be frankly, though not avowedly, anti-Indian and pro-British. It would be interesting to know whether in the draft license that is about to be granted to the Tatas for starting the Nila-Mula Hydro-Electric Scheme at Mulshi Petha, some reactionary conditions were sought to be imposed, whether one of the clauses of the license sought to lay down that the Tatas should obtain all their materials required for the work from British manufacturers or where such materials were foreign in origin that they should be obtained through British agents or dealers; whether another clause insisted that all appointments carrying over a certain per month should be filled only with "British-born subjects" or "subjects domiciled in the United Kingdom", and last but not least, whether a final clause was to be included in the license providing for its revocation in case the two foregoing clauses were not fully respected. I should also like to know whether these draft clauses were subsequently cut out on Sir Chimanlal Setalvad and Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla taking up a firm attitude. According to my information, it appears that the original draft license had been passed by the Government of Bombay in its objectionable form, even Sir Ibrahim, who is Revenue Member is in charge, having at first concurred in the inclusion of the reactionary clauses, but evidently on the strong protest of Sir Chimanlal, the matter had to be reconsidered, and finally, I am told, the Governor and other members of Government bowed before the opposition and agreed to the deletion of the objectionable clauses. I am further informed that the draft license which had already been forwarded to the Tatas for signature had to be recalled for purposes of rectification. The point I have referred to shows, however, that the Tatas are not the only sinners, in the matter of employing Englishmen in preference to Indians. The mentality underlying the clauses that we have mentioned, is not, we hope, a characteristic of Sir George Lloyd's Government.

BURMA NEWS.

RLY. STRIKE SITUATION.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, May 24.

Saturday was the anniversary day of Budha's birth, death and enlightment.

The Rev. Ottama being refused permission to leave the jail, refused food or water, but resumed usual meals on Sunday.

Local *hartal* was declared and stones were thrown at liquor shops, whose licensees refused to close.

The railway strike situation remains unaltered. Sixty-six men of the loco, staff and others of the traffic staff at Mandalay were evicted from the railway quarters for failing to return to work and they are now camping out on vacant land.

AFGHAN REVOLUTIONARY SOCIETY.?

ALLEGED SUPPORT OF BOKHARA.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 24.

Peshawar, May 23.—A Kabul newspaper publishes news from Bokhara, announcing the formation there of an Afghan Revolutionary Society aiming at the overthrow of the present Government of Afghanistan and says the Society which includes escaped convicts, Afghan bad characters and Bokharan Afghans is being encouraged by the Bokharan Government. After pointing out that Afghanistan tried her best for Bokhara's freedom and independence and sacrificed her own advantages for those of Islam and her brothers, the paper pertinently asks: "If Bokhara is an independent state in this regard for Afghanistan's devoted friendship? If somebody else is responsible, what can be the meaning of Bokharan Independence?"

FRACAS BETWEEN TWO ZEMINDARS.

2 VILLAGERS KILLED: 11 INJURED.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, May 24.

A fracas took place last night at Magaon, in Allahabad District, between two Muhamedan Zamindars and their tenants, resulting in two villagers being killed and eleven injured. From the information available here, this morning, it appears that the Zamindar sent to the village for a woman to come and grind some gram. She refused to do so, on which the Zamindars sent man to force her to come. An altercation ensued and the Zamindars' man used fire-arms, resulting in the above casualties.

Authorities have proceeded to the spot and enquiries are being made.

LALA LAJPAT RAI AT AMBALA.

WELCOME ADDRESS BY MUNICIPALITY.

(From a Correspondent.)

RUPAR, May 23.

Lala Lajpat Rai with Lala Dunichand reached Ambala on the 21st evening. Pandit Gangaram Sharma presented a welcome address on behalf of the Municipal Committee Lalaji replied in suitable words. Dewan Bishensingh presided. About Rs. 10,000 were collected for Swaraj Fund.

OUR SIMLA LETTER.

THE GANDHI WEEK.

"HOPEFUL PROSPECT."

MRS. BESANT AND PRESS ACT.

(From our own Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 20.

Pandit Malaviya, the Peace-maker.

The events of the last few days have been so momentous and kaleidoscopic and at the same time so much shrouded in mystery that it is difficult to know where exactly to begin. In my previous letter I had expressed the feelings of disappointment in Simla about the new Viceroy commencing his career on the wrong side, but hardly did we dream then of so soon witnessing a welcome change. Pandit Malaviya's interview with Lord Reading happily evolved into an arrangement that the case of the non-co-operators should also be presented for the correct understanding of the situation; and so we found the Pandit again in the role of a "peace-maker" at a critical juncture like this. He had rendered many patriotic services, and has now contributed one more, which will never be forgotten by India by effecting a common meeting ground between the Viceroy and Mahatma Gandhi. When, therefore, the apostle of non-cooperation arrived here from Allahabad, anxious and searching were the queries that were made. "At whose instance has Mr. Gandhi come here"? "Is it a fact that the Viceroy has called him up here"? Such were the questions that were raised; but these doubts were set at rest only on Sunday at the Idga meeting when Mahatma Gandhi himself admitted that the Panditji alone was responsible for the whole undertaking.

Mahatma's Silence.

It is not necessary for me to dwell upon the most enthusiastic reception given him even in the official atmosphere of this citadel of bureaucracy, nor even upon the several public functions that were held in his honour. But, as the whole country is on the tip-toe of expectation to hear the results of the visit, it would be more material to Chronicle what is often talked of in responsible and authoritative circles as a result of the six long interviews which Mr. Gandhi had with the Viceroy and what I have been able to gather from time to time and infer from my frequent conversations with persons who are expected to be in the know. I use the words "expected to be in the know" because those gentlemen either profess complete ignorance of the whole affair, or, while letting out a word of hint or two, often qualify their expressions with doubtful phrases, invariably accompanied by the significant admonition, "But, please don't publish anything". All these apprehensions seem to be due to the fact that the interviews proceeded on the understanding that nothing was to leak out to the public. Hence the Mahatmaji's reticence on the details of his conversations with the Viceroy even when strongly pressed by the audience at the monster meeting to "unveil the purdah."

The "Uncrowned King"!

Before, however, proceeding to narrate the results of the confabulations, I must briefly recapitulate the principal incidents connected therewith. The first interview which took place last Friday afternoon was the most prolonged one, and it looked as if Lord Reading would not release Gandhi out of the Viceregal Lodge at all that day. In fact it was so prolonged and continued even after sunset, that his food, which, by the way, consists of goat's milk, toast and some fruits, had to be taken to Viceregal Lodge, anxious expectation prevailing throughout the station regarding the nature of the talk. The Mahatmaji returned too late that night to allow of any opportunity for me to know anything, and when the next day dawned it was announced that the interview was to be resumed at 10-30. No sooner was this over that day, than the Mahatmaji was drawn in a rickshaw through the principal streets amidst cries of "Betaz Badshah" (the "Uncrowned King") to Arya Samaj Mandir where an address was delivered to the purdah ladies who in all contributed substantially to the Tilak Swaraj Fund, one of the ladies depriving her baby on the lap of all the ornaments on its person. Again, in the same right Royal fashion, the "non-official Governor-General" as some used to call him, proceeded to the "At Home" at the residence of Mr. Mohan Lal, a Municipal Commissioner, where all the Indian merchants and shop-keepers contributed liberally to the fund, the host, however, only presenting a cheque for Rs. 100.

"Gandhiji Giving Way!"

The Sunday would have been uneventful but for the largest meeting held at "Idga" where both Messrs. Gandhi and Lajpat Rai delivered important speeches touching on the interviews, the "Afghan Bogey" etc. No doubt Pandit Malaviya was also present but he could not take part in it owing to ill-health, except in one instance when he called upon the leader of the Punjab to undergo "prayaschita" for having questioned the wisdom of the Mahatma and even warned him to a certain extent not to yield on any matter of principle. This brought forth an explicit statement from the Lalaji who after reiterating his previous conviction assured Mr. Gandhi that the country would back him to the fullest extent in the demand for complete Swarajya, but he, for his part, would not be with Gandhi if he yielded on any question of principle. This "passage-at-arms" as some birds of passage in Simla characterised it, has been the topic of discussion in some volatile circles where the impression had gained ground that Mahatmaji was slowly giving way before the Viceroy. However, the interview was again renewed on Monday and Tuesday at Viberegal Lodge which was continously surrounded by the simple villagers and unlettered peasants from far and near the summer capital, who kept on crying "Mahatma Gandhi-ki Jair". On the 17th, Mrs. Besant who had arrived in connection with the Press Act Committee, also sought interview in the morning, but only for two hours. In the evening, Lala Lajpat Rai was accorded an interview, and he was also dismissed in less than two hours. My information is that neither Mrs. Besant nor even Lala Lajpat Rai could help the Viceroy to any great extent, although the latter is a faithful follower of Mahatma Gandhi. But I speak subject to correction.

"Situation Very Hopeful."

Wednesday, the 18th might be considered a red letter day in the Gandhi Week, for it was on that day, that not only Mr. Gandhi was interviewed twice by the Viceroy, but also Pandit Malaviya was again asked to give advice. It was again on this day that the Executive Council met and considered, it is understood, very important documents connected with Mr. Gandhi's visit. Although great secrecy is still maintained by our leaders who have been sorely trying the patience of the people, it is now time for me to collect the impressions I had gathered for the edification of your readers. I understand that on the morning of the 18th Mr. Gandhi was asked by the Viceroy to present a statement setting forth categorically the various demands of the non-cooperators, so that he could discuss it before his Cabinet that afternoon. This, it seems, was done in a great hurry in consultation with Lalaji and Panditji at "Shantikuti"; and then it transpired that Lord Reading, after taking the opinion of the Executive Councillors, called for Panditji and then Gandhiji late in the night and informed them that he would cable home the contents of the document with the opinion of the Executive and wait for their decision. It is also stated that Mahatma Gandhi would again be invited by the Viceroy to Simla after the reply of the British Cabinet will have been received. The contents of the statement prepared by Mr. Gandhi are not known, but, if any credence can be placed to the several rumours that are now afloat in Simla, it is probably certain that so far at least as the Punjab is concerned, all the remaining Martial Law prisoners with exception of those who were arrested in the very act of arson and such other offences, would be released forthwith, and that the pensions now granted to Sir Michael O'Dwyer and General Dyer would be withdrawn very shortly. Let us, wait and see how things develop in the course of a few days and then it will be time to speak with greater authority. I might, however, state that in my conversations with a great leader he often exclaimed, "I expect great many things from these interviews; The situation is very hopeful," etc.

Abolish Press Act.

The Press Act Committee formally sat on the 17th and began recording evidence since Thursday. The committee consists of Dr. Sapru as the Chairman, Sir William Vincent, Mr. T. V. Seshagiri Iyer, Munshi Iswar Saran, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Chowdhri Shahabudin Bakshi Sohan Lal, Babu J. N. Mukerjee and Mr. Asad Ali, as members. Mrs. Besant was the first to give evidence, and as one who has herself suffered in 1916 for the fourteen articles in her "New India" which were taken objection to by the Pentland Government, she ought to have demanded the total repeal of the Act. I say "ought to have demanded" because the proceedings of the Press Committee are not open to the press!!! Another instance of bad beginning, indeed. But Mrs. Besant is understood to have damned Mr. Gandhi at the close of her evidence, because her argument seems to be that the Act should be dealt with in a way that persons who are the arch-offenders must be first punished rather than the minor fries who merely follow the "big guns". "Why proceed against the followers of Gandhi when Gandhi himself is allowed scot-free!"—that is her plea which is accompanied by the further information that Mr. Gandhi is simply courting martyrdom!!! But she seems to forget that in her own days of leadership, she herself invited that "martyrdom" by writing in "New India" as if to say, "Imprison me, and I shall become a martyr". But 1916 is not 1921, and that is all the difference with a chameleon.!!! Mr. K. C. Roy of the Associated Press and Dr. Rushbrook Williams the Director of the Central Bureau of Information, were examined to-day and among the witnesses who will give evidence to-morrow is Mr. Kali Nath Roy of the "Tribune" of Lahore. About twenty more journalists are expected to give evidence, and at their present rate, the committee will sit on till the middle of next month. Mr. K. C. Roy is understood to have put in a strong plea for the complete abolition of the Press Act, and one of the members was even heard to express in terms of high appreciation at the way in which Mr. Roy had greatly assisted their task. The committee as a whole seems to proceed, in spite of the pardha around, on a determination to abolish the Act, and it would be a good idea if all the journalists, of whatever political complexion, turn up in strong numbers to remove this obnoxious legislation from the Statute-Book.

SWEEPER'S CONDIDATURE FOR COUNCIL.

(From A Correspondent)

AMRITSAR, May 24.

Madho, sweeper, stands as a candidate for the Punjab Legislative Council among non Muslim Amritsar city.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE NATION.

KOLHAPUR MAHARAJA IN LEAGUE WITH BRITISH REACTIONARIES.

"KESARI'S" SENSATIONAL DISCLOSURES.

SOME CONFIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

The "Kesari" of Poona published last week a number of sensational extracts from the confidential correspondence of the Maharaja of Kolhapur with some high officials of Government, including the late Governor of Bombay, Sir George Clarke (now Lord Sydenham), revealing the systematic conspiracy in which the Maharaja and these officials were engaged during the troubled period of 1908-10, against the patriotit movement which was raising its head at the time. "The Mahratha" of the 22nd instane publishes the English originals of these letters and we reproduce below the first instalment of the same:—

12th May, 1908.

To Colonel Ferris.

"You may remember that during the last Plague when you removed the Katyan park, on the same day that you went to stop there, I came to you with my Foujdar of the Detective Police. I mentioned to you that he had news about bombs and that men were going abroad to Germany, France, Japan and other places to learn bomb-making. But it was not believed then. The plot has now come to light, and my detectives think that there are branches of that clique in Belgaum, Kolhapur, Poona, Nasik and Satara. Nasik is the chief place.. The rules and practice with regard to the Native States hardly leave them room for independent action in such matters. I call it an unequal fight as these agitators can do almost anything with impunity owing to the subtlety of law, while we cannot do so."

22nd June, 1908.

To Mr. Hill.

"I hope Kathiawar is quite free from unrest. The Poona police have traced the late explosion at Poona to two students from Kolhapur. They are watched here by the Government police."

WISHING DEATH TO "KESARI."

From Mr. Hill.

"I should so like to have a long talk and hear all your news. I see Tilak has now been arrested, and I hope the "Kesari" will be confiscated under the new law."

16th July, 1908.

To Major Wodehouse.

"Regarding our talk yesterday I should of course be glad to have a company of British soldiers here for some time. They will be very useful and scare away the bomb-agitators. Formerly when the company was here, it was at the expense of the Government. Owing to the late marriage of my daughter and the Irrigation scheme I have nothing to spare. I shall therefore feel highly obliged if Government could send the company at their expense as it was done formerly. The buildings that have been returned to me are at their disposal. . . . If the company is going to be sent, it will be better if it marches by road and not by train. I have already told you how the people are afraid to search a press or even to prosecute it. This they would have done and enjoyed it some months back. . . . I hope you will recommend the suggestion strongly."

18th July, 1908.

To Mr. Hill.

"The agitation here is going on secretly and it is difficult to say what turn it may take. In any case it is getting worse. You know from Lord Northcote's time how things have been going on here and the troubles we have had with the Bs. They tried a bomb which they put on the road from the Station to the Palace, as my men think it was in view of my returning from Poona, but as I had a relation patient with me, instead of coming by the Mail I came by the next train and the result was that the bomb exploded under the foot of the Tanga pony and damaged its leg. I was glad for my horses that I did not come by the Mail as no traffic goes on before I leave the Station. I had a threatening anonymous letter from Bombay saying that I should be a victim of a bomb within a month as I had insulted, as the letter says, Tilak's Jagadguru and they have challenged me to take help from the British Government. I handed over the letter to Major Wodehouse. He went to Bombay and gave it to the police there. They say that similar letters were written in the same hand are addressed to others. It seems from this that there is a gang of these vipers. I am sorry to say that Kolhapur is a centre of these people of which I have written to Lord Northcote and also to Lord Lamington again and again. They have already sent letters giving instructions how to make bombs. The letters are addressed to my police defying them. Even placards are struck on the school-boards and yet it has become difficult to trace the authors. Rusticating boys seems to be one of the remedies. I have asked the Principal to make enquiries. I have requested His Excellency to give us a company of British soldiers if possible. The matter is still under consideration..... So you know this Presidency, and the State of S. M. Chiefs and the Bs, intrigues of Poona. In S. M. States there are about 15 Chiefs of whom only Kolhapur and Mudhol are Marathas as such. The rest are Brahmins and therefore it is that this part is a stronghold of the Bs. If you thing you are not going out of the way, you will kindly put in a word if you agree with me regarding the company of British soldiers wanted here. I do not say that they are absolutely necessary but it is better to prevent in time. In one sense the Government are the cause of this agitation. They took half measures which only strengthened the agitators and encouraged them to defy Government. The movement would have been crushed easily in its infancy. But now it has grown strong and hence the difficulty. Even now if strong measures are not taken the party will get worse. I wish to tell you personally about Baroda, Miraj, Jamkhindi and Ichalkaranji but I cannot write it here."

19th July, 1908.

FROM MR. S. M. FRASER.

"I wonder whether you have seen the new Bombay Marathi newspaper the "Jagatvritta." In case you have not, I send you herewith a copy together with a letter on the subject from the Editor which explains the character and the objects of the journal. It seems to me that the enterprise is one deserving of the support of all public-spirited men. Every day Government is teaching more and more of the masses to read while not supplying them with wholesome literature leaves them the prey of seditious journals, which poison their minds, not only against the British Government but against authority of any kind. If you approve of the paper perhaps you may be able to assist its introduction in Kolhapur State."

ANXIOUS FOR PROSECUTION.

10th August, 1908.

From Mr. FERNANDES.

"I saw Mr. Quin today after his breakfast. On my trying to explain the view as to how the article was aimed at Your Highness, he said he thought it was. But he pointed out that it was not an "extradition offence" being not included in the schedule to the Act. However regarding the next point, whether the Government should agree to hand over the offender to the State, he thought that it rested solely with Government, since there was nothing against it in the Act. He has asked me to explain this particular point and the whole position to the Local Remembrancer and has taken down my address for communicating the time of interview, which he said, would be most likely to-morrow. I mentioned to him that Your Highness was much anxious to see this prosecution through in order to put down the seditious agitation in and around Kolhapur and he appeared to be very pleased to hear this. It was news to him when I said and explained that the article was also directed against H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda. He agreed with Major Wodehouse's remarks that it was the worst article ever written of its type."

11 August, 1908.

To Sir George Clarke.

"Now about Bijapurkar. I hesitated for some time as I thought it would create quite a sensation here, the man having been a professor a long time. After a good consideration I have now made up my mind to prosecute him, but the question of extradition has to be considered. I have sent my man Mr. Fernandes to Mr. Quin and to the Legal Remembrancer, and after I get the latter's opinion I small take steps at once. I quite agree with Your Excellency that the article is very rabid."

From Sir George Clarke.

"As to Bijapurkar, you will have received the Law officer's opinion. If there is any doubt as to the scope of the Law in Kolhapur in dealing with such a case, I will not press the matter. He is a bad man. His influence in teaching sedition is a serious danger. His trial will doubtless produce a sensation. But I think it would have a good effect upon the people who work against your Highness in Kolhapur."

23rd August, 1908.

To Sir George Clarke.

By this time Your Excellency may have learnt that Bijapurkar and his friends have been arrested here. Of course I have to thank Your Excellency for telling me that you do not wish to press the matter, if there is any doubt. I should not have taken it up if I were in the least doubtful. In that case I would have given my views about Bijapurkar's arrest very candidly. But I being morally convinced that the man is guilty, have taken the present step. Let me assure Your Excellency that if I did not agree with Your Excellency, I would not hesitate to say so respectfully. . . . . I shall stop here for a little longer, as the people are irritated by the prosecution and some of the arrests made, they being of the Shiwaji cult and suspected to be collecting arms. I have kept myself in the districts, because they may not trouble me by personal requests and so I avoid the criticism of the so-called educated people here. Every thing is quiet till now."

THE KOLHAPUR 'MANIKTOLLA!'

7th September, 1908.

To Mr. ROBERTSON.

"Immediately after my arrival here, I saw my police. They have been doing excellent work; on coming here I learnt that in a tank near a garden my police had found some bottles, test-tubes retorts and some arms and ammunition These were pointed out by one of the accused. They call this garden "Maniktolla"! Three bombs were, my police say, made in Poona and one of them was going to be actually used against Col. Ferris. It was brought here on the occasion of my daughter's marriage. . . . . Our wish is that this enquiry should be finished by us and if any credit is due we may not lose it. K. D. Kulkarni is the deepest plotter. It is learnt that he has removed every thing from his house to Ichalkaranji. . . . . ."

8th September, 1908.

From Mr. Robertson.

"Many thanks for your interesting letter which His Excellency the Governor was much pleased to read. He hopes that the final results of the investigation, which your police appear to be pursuing with much success, will justify the high expectations which you have formed, and he desires me to say that your police will receive full credit for their work. He will arrange for complete co-operation on the part of the authorities in British territory and will endeavour to supply Major Wodehouse with any special assistants he may require. H. E. will support you in all these proceedings, but he expects that your people will not overstep the bounds of the law, since a defeat on a technical point of law would be much to be deprecated."

8th September, 1908.

From Mr. Muir-Mackenzie.

"Many thanks for your letter which I have passed on to Mr. Quin as you desired. You may, I think, rely on your having a perfectly free hand in your inquiries, and no interference being allowed by the Bombay Government police and any help being given you which you ask for, none being pressed on you for which you do not ask. I am glad you feel you can write freely to me. I am unfortunately going away to Simla for a fortnight on the 20th. But while I am absent and indeed at any time I recommend you to confide with equal freedom with other members of the Government. I can assure you that we are all prepared to support you and have every confidence in you. I think you may also depend on it that for any information they may wish to have, Government will go to the Political Agent and yourself alone and to no one else. Your Highness and your police are doing splendid work, which will certainly be recognised. Take the first opportunity you can get of a good long talk with Mr. Jenkins such as you had with me. You will find his help and advice most valuable."

8th September, 1908.

To Mr. Hill.

"I send herewith a copy of my letter to the Hon'ble Mr. Muir-Mackenzie, from which you will see how things are going on here. Since I wrote that letter I have learnt more. We are now likely to find from the people in Belgaum a ready-made bomb which is well-known by the name of Col. Ferris and also arms and ammunition. I think my police have worked well and they are well proud of it. Their only wish is that their services may be appreciated if it is a success. They feel proud because they have traced threads all over the Presidency and given clues to the Government police. This is due to the encouragement given by Major Wodehouse and Government. If the inquiry is kept in Major Wodehouse's charge, my police will work willingly as he has gained their confidence. . . ."

11th September, 1908.

From Mr. Hill.

"I am greatly interested in what you wrote, and am wondering whether you made the further discoveries which you then anticipated. Your police certainly deserve credit for working up the case as they did and I am so glad Major Wodehouse has been able to help. Of course I greatly regret not being in a position to help you; but I trust you have found all the necessary assistance. Here I have had to deal with school-masters and school-boys very drastically and I think they are beginning to understand that I intend to have no seditious teaching here. The Junagad State also gave a sharp lesson to the Bhaudin College."

(To be continued.)

DISCOVERY OF KALIDAS STATUE.

(From a Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, May 21.

On Friday Mr. manmatha Bhattacharjee of Calcutta discovered a fine marble statue of the world poet Kalidassa at Bosisthar-sarama Rampurhat. Kalidassa began his heroes' arrival under the shadow of his early resort Bascetharama. This memorial statue of Kalidassa was probably installed there. It consists of five curved figures of different type; the central one belongs to Kalidasst. It is in imitation of a Kalidassa memorial discovered in 1913 near Nabadwepa; the former is a broken figure with only legs and footstone; the latter is a full figure with face, chest and legs Below the ascetic the name of Kalidassa is written.

GERMANY'S DISARMAMENT.

ULTIMATUM FULFILLED WITHOUT RESERVATIONS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, May 21.

A Berlin message says it is semi-officially stated there that Government fulfilled, without reservations, the disarmament ultimatum before the expiration of the first period fixed, namely, noon, May 20th.

ELECTIONS IN ULSTER.

SINN FEIHOPESOF DESTROYING PARTITION

LONDON, May 20.

Party recrimination in Ulster are becoming warmer as the polling day (May 24th) for Northern Parliament election approaches. Heavy voting is anticipated. The Sinn Fein and Nationalist Camps by no means regard a sweeping Unionist Victory as a foregone conclusion, but consider that if their supporters come up to a scratch, they will capture twenty seats and thereby destroy partition.

It is generally admitted that Rev. De Valera will be returned for County Down, and it is thought that Mr. Arthur Griffiths, Mr. Michael Collins and Mr. Devlin will be successful candidates.

COAL DISPUTE.

SIGNIFICANT MOVEMEMT BEHIND SCENES.

LONDON, May 21.

It is declared on good authority that great strides have been made towards the settlement of a coal dispute. There have been a succession of significant movements behind the scenes.

Private discussions have been held between Sir Herbert Smith, Rt. Hon. J. and the Coalowners and the owners have declared their readiness to discuss wages with the miners as soon as the National Pool demand is out of the way.

HEIR APPARENT OF JAPAN

JAPAN PRESS DEEPLY IMPRESSED BY BRITISH RECEPTION.

LONDON, May 21.

Tokio.—Reuter's voluminous cables reports of the reception of Prince Hirohirto in England, which have seen the main features in the papers, have finally overcome the prejudices of Conservatives, who were opposed to Prince Hirohirto's departure. The newspapers and others, who formerly were doubtful as to the advisability of the trip, are now deeply impressed by the evidence of the British traditional spirit of fair play and appreciation of Japan's position as an honoured Ally.

ITALIAN ELECTIONS.

LONDON, May 21.

Rome.—The final results of Elections are as follows:—

Coalitionists	180
Socialists	124
Catholics	108
Communists	15
Other Groups	101

Of this the latter group Fascisti, the Nationalists and Agrarians, who number 62, have pledged themselves to prevent Socialist obstruction.

MADRAS LABOUR TROUBLE.

CARNATIC MILLS MEN STILL OUT.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, May 21.

The strike at the Carnatic mills still continues in spite of the Labour Commissioner's effort to bring about a settlement. Yesterday, the strikers, numbering about 5,000, were invited by the assistant Labour Commissioner to a meeting and were addressed by him pointing out the evils of strike on flimsy pretexts, and he advised them to resume work. But the meeting ended in a failure.

There has been a strike at the pencil factory, managed by the Perumal Chetty and Sons, and here also the Labour Commissioner is attempting to bring about a settlement.

CHARGE OF SETTING FIRE.

STUDENT SENTENCED TO 6 MONTHS' RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.

(Associated Press.)

CUTTACK, May 21.

The Deputy Magistrate of Cuttack delivered judgment yesterday morning in case in which Jnanendranath Das, an ex-student of Ravenshan college was charged with house trespass. It was alleged that on the 13th April at dead of night accused entered college premises with the intention of setting fire to the building. Accused was convicted and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. The hearing of the second case in which he and another college student were charged with arson and sedition was resumed and adjourned till the 21st June.

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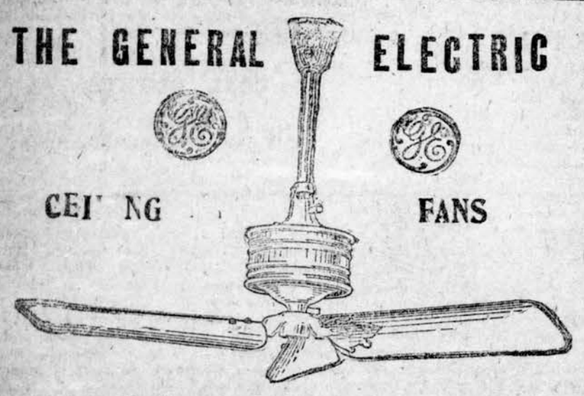

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DISCHARGE PRISONERS' AID SOCIETY.

FUNDS NEEDED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 23.

The Executive Committee of the Madras Presidency Discharged Prisoners Aid Society announces that the Society have started work, and arrangements have been made to form district committees at stations where there are district or central jails. An endowment fund of at least one lakh is necessary to enable the Society to do really useful work but the contributions so for received announced only Rs. 6,280. The committee appeals to the public for funds.

ROHILKHAND CONFERENCE DISTURBANCE.

MAJISTRATE'S ALLEGED TACTLESSNESS RESPONSIBLE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, May 23.

"The Independent" publishes to-day another account of the disturbance alleged to have been caused at the Rohilkhand District Conference by Mr. O. F. Jenkins, District Judge, Budwan, who paid it a visit accompanied by Mr. Elems, Superintendent of Police, and two Indian cooperators. The Judge insisted on one of the cooperators speaking at the Conference whose efforts seem to have been a harmless episode of a serio-comic nature, as the following incident related by "The Independent" correspondent will show:

Man after man went to the organisers of the meeting and urged them to send away these officials from the dais, but were requested to hold their peace and watch actions calmly. Now these officials began to insist upon the Conference to allow Haba Main to speak, and Mr. Jenkins spoke to Swami Bhaskaracharya of Sharda Pith that he would disperse the whole show going on in the pandal in a moment. Although this mightily provoked the Swami, he said no more than that they were following a non-violent movement. Mr. Jenkins then fell into an impolitic sort of conversation with

PILGRIMAGE TO GARHWAL

WARNING TO INTENDING TRAVELLERS

The Director of information writes to say:—

At the end of March, the Government of the United Provinces issued a statement drawing attention to the probable shortage of food stocks in Garhwal and to the possibility of cholera prevailing along the pilgrim route. Intending pilgrims were, therefore, advised to wait till another year. The anticipated shortage of food stocks has occurred and the Government have been obliged to finance the import of grain into Garhwal by the grant of Rs. 50,000 as tagavi. Local prices are very high.

In spite of the warning previously issued, a small number of pilgrims have entered Garhwal. Public attention is, therefore, once more drawn to this matter and those who may be intending to perform the pilgrimage this year are again advised to postpone their visit to a more propitious season.

For the information of those whose notice this statement may escape, an officer is being posted at Lachhman Jhula Bridge, whose duty it will be to inform intending pilgrims of the high prices prevailing in Garhwal and the general difficulty which they will experience in obtaining supplies and to attempt to dissuade them from proceeding further on their journey.

the Swami and other leaders on the dais, and taking off the Gandhi cap on the head of a person sitting beside him and wearing it on his head, cried out "Ghandhi ki Jai".

Chaudhari Salahaludin was then permitted to speak, who read a paper, purporting to say that cooperators and title-holders were injustly condemned by the people, and that he on his part was ready to resign his honorary magistrateship. All lawyers suspended their practice then and there. While these gentlemen had left the pandal, they raised a loud and deep chorus of "Hip hip hurrah" outside, and this was kept up for some time.

The Stewards, Simla Summer Races, have decided due to paucity of entries to rearrange the programme and race on Tuesday and Saturday, the 24th and 27th instant only.

Re the highhandedness of the Broach Taluka Mamlatadar, the Government has asked for an explanation from the Broach Taluka Mamlatadar with regard to issuing orders for attachment against Madhudale agriculturists.

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(Signed).....M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.,
Medical Officer of Health.

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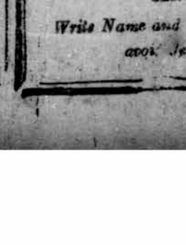

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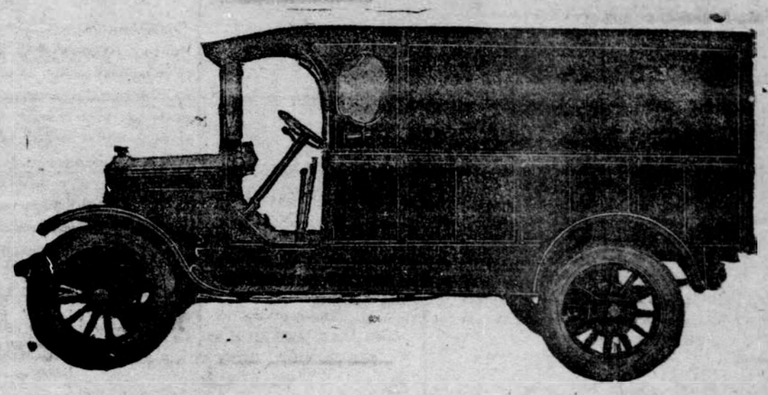

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Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by MANIARDAS PICKERAL at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.